	(Original Signature of Member)
	TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.
То ј	provide for a comprehensive interdisciplinary research, development, and demonstration initiative to strengthen the capacity of the energy sector to prepare for and withstand cyber and physical attacks, and for other purposes.
	IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Mr.	Bera (for himself and Mr. Weber) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on
	A BILL
То	provide for a comprehensive interdisciplinary research, development, and demonstration initiative to strengthen the capacity of the energy sector to prepare for and withstand cyber and physical attacks, and for other purposes.
1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Grid Security Research
5	and Development Act".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds the following:
3	(1) The Nation, and every critical infrastruc-
4	ture sector, depends on reliable electricity.
5	(2) Intelligent electronic devices, advanced ana-
6	lytics, and information systems used across the en-
7	ergy sector are essential to maintaining reliable op-
8	eration of the electric grid.
9	(3) The cybersecurity threat landscape is con-
10	stantly changing and attacker capabilities are ad-
11	vancing rapidly, requiring ongoing modifications, ad-
12	vancements, and investments in technologies and
13	procedures to maintain security.
14	(5) It is in the national interest for Federal
15	agencies to invest in cybersecurity research that in-
16	forms and facilitates private sector investment and
17	use of advanced cybersecurity tools and procedures
18	to protect information systems.
19	(6) The number of devices and systems con-
20	necting to the electric grid is increasing, and inte-
21	grating cybersecurity protections into information
22	systems when they are built is more effective than
23	modifying products after installation to meet cyber-
24	security goals.
25	(7) An understanding of human factors can be
26	leveraged to understand the behavior of cyber threat

1	actors, develop strategies to counter threat actors,
2	improve cybersecurity training programs, optimize
3	the design of human-machine interfaces and cyberse-
4	curity tools, and increase the capacity of the energy
5	sector workforce to prevent unauthorized access to
6	critical systems.
7	SEC. 3. AMENDMENT TO ENERGY INDEPENDENCE AND SE-
8	CURITY ACT OF 2007.
9	Title XIII of the Energy Independence and Security
10	Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17381 et seq.) is amended by add-
11	ing at the end the following:
12	"SEC. 1310. ENERGY SECTOR SECURITY RESEARCH, DEVEL-
13	OPMENT, AND DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.
10	
14	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in coordination
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14 15	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in coordination with appropriate Federal agencies, the Electricity Sub-
14151617	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination with appropriate Federal agencies, the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council, the Electric Reliability Orga-
14151617	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination with appropriate Federal agencies, the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council, the Electric Reliability Organization, State, tribal, local, and territorial governments,
1415161718	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination with appropriate Federal agencies, the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council, the Electric Reliability Organization, State, tribal, local, and territorial governments, the private sector, and other relevant stakeholders, shall
141516171819	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination with appropriate Federal agencies, the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council, the Electric Reliability Organization, State, tribal, local, and territorial governments, the private sector, and other relevant stakeholders, shall carry out a research, development, and demonstration pro-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in coordination with appropriate Federal agencies, the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council, the Electric Reliability Organization, State, tribal, local, and territorial governments, the private sector, and other relevant stakeholders, shall carry out a research, development, and demonstration program to protect the electric grid and energy systems, in-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in coordination with appropriate Federal agencies, the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council, the Electric Reliability Organization, State, tribal, local, and territorial governments, the private sector, and other relevant stakeholders, shall carry out a research, development, and demonstration program to protect the electric grid and energy systems, including assets connected to the distribution grid, from
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in coordination with appropriate Federal agencies, the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council, the Electric Reliability Organization, State, tribal, local, and territorial governments, the private sector, and other relevant stakeholders, shall carry out a research, development, and demonstration program to protect the electric grid and energy systems, including assets connected to the distribution grid, from cyber and physical attacks by increasing the cyber and

1	"(b) Department of Energy.—As part of the ini-
2	tiative described in subsection (a), the Secretary shall
3	award research, development, and demonstration grants
4	to—
5	"(1) identify cybersecurity risks to information
6	systems within, and impacting, the electricity sector,
7	energy systems, and energy infrastructure;
8	"(2) develop methods and tools to rapidly detect
9	cyber intrusions and cyber incidents, including
10	through the use of data and big data analytics tech-
11	niques, such as intrusion detection, and security in-
12	formation and event management systems, to vali-
13	date and verify system behavior;
14	"(3) assess emerging cybersecurity capabilities
15	that could be applied to energy systems and develop
16	technologies that integrate cybersecurity features
17	and procedures into the design and development of
18	existing and emerging grid technologies, including
19	renewable energy, storage, and demand-side manage-
20	ment technologies;
21	"(4) identify existing vulnerabilities in intel-
22	ligent electronic devices, advanced analytics systems,
23	and information systems;

1	"(5) work with relevant entities to develop tech-
2	nologies or concepts that build or retrofit cybersecu-
3	rity features and procedures into—
4	"(A) information and energy management
5	system devices, components, software, firmware,
6	and hardware, including distributed control and
7	management systems, and building manage-
8	ment systems;
9	"(B) data storage systems, data manage-
10	ment systems, and data analysis processes;
11	"(C) automated- and manually-controlled
12	devices and equipment for monitoring and sta-
13	bilizing the electric grid;
14	"(D) technologies used to synchronize time
15	and develop guidance for operational contin-
16	gency plans when time synchronization tech-
17	nologies, are compromised;
18	"(E) power system delivery and end user
19	systems and devices that connect to the grid,
20	including—
21	"(i) meters, synchrophasors, phasor
22	measurement units, and other sensors;
23	"(ii) distribution automation tech-
24	nologies, smart inverters, and other grid
25	control technologies;

1	"(iii) distributed generation, energy
2	storage, and other distributed energy tech-
3	nologies;
4	"(iv) demand response technologies;
5	"(v) home and building energy man-
6	agement and control systems;
7	"(vi) electric and plug-in hybrid vehi-
8	cles and electric vehicle charging systems;
9	and
10	"(vii) other relevant devices, software,
11	firmware, and hardware; and
12	"(F) the supply chain of electric grid man-
13	agement system components;
14	"(6) develop technologies that improve the
15	physical security of information systems, including
16	remote assets;
17	"(7) integrate human factors research into the
18	design and development of advanced tools and proc-
19	esses for dynamic monitoring, detection, protection,
20	mitigation, response, and cyber situational aware-
21	ness;
22	"(8) evaluate and understand the potential con-
23	sequences of practices used to maintain the cyberse-
24	curity of information systems and intelligent elec-
25	tronic devices;

1	"(9) develop or expand the capabilities of exist-
2	ing cybersecurity test beds to simulate impacts of
3	cyber attacks and combined cyber-physical attacks
4	on information systems and electronic devices, in-
5	cluding by increasing access to existing and emerg-
6	ing test beds for cooperative utilities, utilities owned
7	by a political subdivision of a State, such as munici-
8	pally-owned electric utilities, and other relevant
9	stakeholders; and
10	"(10) develop technologies that reduce the cost
11	of implementing effective cybersecurity technologies
12	and tools, including updates to these technologies
13	and tools, in the energy sector.
14	"(c) National Science Foundation.—The Na-
15	tional Science Foundation, in coordination with other Fed-
16	eral agencies as appropriate, shall through its cybersecu-
17	rity research and development programs—
18	"(1) support basic research to advance knowl-
19	edge, applications, technologies, and tools to
20	strengthen the cybersecurity of information systems,
21	including electric grid and energy systems, including
22	interdisciplinary research in—
23	"(A) evolutionary systems, theories, mathe-
24	matics, and models;

1	"(B) economic and financial theories,
2	mathematics, and models; and
3	"(C) big data analytical methods, mathe-
4	matics, computer coding, and algorithms; and
5	"(2) support cybersecurity education and train-
6	ing focused on information systems for the electric
7	grid and energy workforce, including through the
8	Advanced Technological Education program, the
9	Cybercorps program, graduate research fellowships,
10	and other appropriate programs.
11	"(d) Department of Homeland Security
12	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DIRECTORATE.—The Science
13	and Technology Directorate of the Department of Home-
14	land Security shall coordinate with the Department of En-
15	ergy, the private sector, and other relevant stakeholders,
16	to research existing cybersecurity technologies and tools
17	used in the defense industry in order to—
18	"(1) identify technologies and tools that may
19	meet civilian energy sector cybersecurity needs;
20	"(2) develop a research strategy that incor-
21	porates human factors research findings to guide the
22	modification of defense industry cybersecurity tools
23	for use in the civilian sector;

1	"(3) develop a strategy to accelerate efforts to
2	bring modified defense industry cybersecurity tools
3	to the civilian market; and
4	"(4) carry out other activities the Secretary of
5	Homeland Security considers appropriate to meet
6	the goals of this subsection.
7	"SEC. 1311. GRID RESILIENCE AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE.
8	"(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after
9	the enactment of the Grid Security Research and Develop-
10	ment Act, the Secretary shall establish a research, devel-
11	opment, and demonstration program to enhance resilience
12	and strengthen emergency response and management per-
13	taining to the energy sector.
14	"(b) Grants.—The Secretary shall award grants to
15	eligible entities under subsection (c) on a competitive basis
16	to conduct research and development with the purpose of
17	improving the resilience and reliability of electric grid by—
18	"(1) developing methods to improve community
19	and governmental preparation for and emergency re-
20	sponse to large-area, long-duration electricity inter-
21	ruptions, including through the use of energy effi-
22	ciency, storage, and distributed generation tech-
23	nologies;

1	"(2) developing tools to help utilities and com-
2	munities ensure the continuous delivery of electricity
3	to critical facilities;
4	"(3) developing tools to improve coordination
5	between utilities and relevant Federal agencies to
6	enable communication, information-sharing, and sit-
7	uational awareness in the event of a physical or
8	cyber-attack on the electric grid;
9	"(4) developing technologies and capabilities to
10	withstand and address the current and projected im-
11	pact of the changing climate on energy sector infra-
12	structure, including extreme weather events and
13	other natural disasters;
14	"(5) developing technologies capable of early
15	detection of deteriorating electrical equipment on the
16	transmission and distribution grid, including detec-
17	tion of spark ignition causing wildfires and risks of
18	vegetation contact; and
19	"(6) assessing upgrades and additions needed
20	to energy sector infrastructure due to projected
21	changes in the energy generation mix and energy de-
22	mand.
23	"(c) Eligible Entities.—The entities eligible to re-
24	ceive grants under this section include—
25	"(1) an institution of higher education:

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1	"(2) a nonprofit organization;
2	"(3) a National Laboratory;
3	"(4) a unit of State, local, or tribal government;
4	"(5) an electric utility or electric cooperative;
5	"(6) a retail service provider of electricity;
6	"(7) a private commercial entity;
7	"(8) a partnership or consortium of 2 or more
8	entities described in subparagraphs (1) through (7);
9	and
10	"(9) any other entities the Secretary deems ap-
11	propriate.
12	"(d) Relevant Activities.—Grants awarded under
13	subsection (b) shall include funding for research and de-
14	velopment activities related to the purpose described in
15	subsection (b), such as—
16	"(1) development of technologies to use distrib-
17	uted energy resources, such as solar photovoltaics,
18	energy storage systems, electric vehicles, and
19	microgrids, to improve grid and critical end-user re-
20	silience;
21	"(2) analysis of non-technical barriers to great-
22	er integration and use of technologies on the dis-
23	tribution grid;
24	"(3) analysis of past large-area, long-duration
25	electricity interruptions to identify common elements

1	and best practices for electricity restoration, mitiga-
2	tion, and prevention of future disruptions;
3	"(4) development of advanced monitoring, ana-
4	lytics, operation, and controls of electricity grid sys-
5	tems to improve electric grid resilience;
6	"(5) analysis of technologies, methods, and con-
7	cepts that can improve community resilience and
8	survivability of frequent or long-duration power out-
9	ages;
10	"(6) development of methodologies to maintain
11	cybersecurity during restoration of energy sector in-
12	frastructure and operation;
13	"(7) development of advanced power flow con-
14	trol systems and components to improve electric grid
15	resilience; and
16	"(8) any other relevant activities determined by
17	the Secretary.
18	"(e) Technical Assistance.—
19	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall provide
20	technical assistance to eligible entities for the com-
21	mercial application of technologies to improve the re-
22	silience of the electric grid and commercial applica-
23	tion of technologies to help entities develop plans for
24	preventing and recovering from various power out-
25	age scenarios at the local, regional, and State level.

1	"(2) Technical assistance program.—The
2	commercial application technical assistance program
3	established in paragraph (1) shall include assistance
4	to eligible entities for—
5	"(A) the commercial application of tech-
6	nologies developed from the grant program es-
7	tablished in subsection (b), including coopera-
8	tive utilities and utilities owned by a political
9	subdivision of a State, such as municipally-
10	owned electric utilities;
11	"(B) the development of methods to
12	strengthen or otherwise mitigate adverse im-
13	pacts on electric grid infrastructure against
14	natural hazards;
15	"(C) the use of Department data and mod-
16	eling tools for various purposes; and
17	"(D) a resource assessment and analysis of
18	future demand and distribution requirements,
19	including development of advanced grid archi-
20	tectures and risk analysis.
21	"(3) Eligible entities.—The entities eligible
22	to receive technical assistance for commercial appli-
23	cation of technologies under this section include—
24	"(A) representatives of all sectors of the
25	electric power industry, including electric utili-

1	ties, trade organizations, and transmission and
2	distribution system organizations, owners, and
3	operators;
4	"(B) State and local governments and reg-
5	ulatory authorities, including public utility com-
6	missions;
7	"(C) tribal and Alaska Native govern-
8	mental entities;
9	"(D) partnerships among entities under
10	subparagraphs (A) through (C);
11	"(E) regional partnerships; and
12	"(F) any other entities the Secretary
13	deems appropriate.
14	"(4) Authority.—Nothing in this section shall
15	authorize the Secretary to require any entity to
16	adopt any model, tool, technology, plan, analysis, or
17	assessment.
18	"SEC. 1312. BEST PRACTICES AND GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS
19	FOR ENERGY SECTOR CYBERSECURITY RE-
20	SEARCH.
21	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in coordination
22	with appropriate Federal agencies, the Electricity Sub-
23	sector Coordinating Council, standards development orga-
24	nizations, State, tribal, local, and territorial governments,
25	the private sector, public utility commissions, and other

1	relevant stakeholders, shall coordinate the development of
2	guidance documents for research, development, and dem-
3	onstration activities to improve the cybersecurity capabili-
4	ties of the energy sector through participating agencies.
5	As part of these activities, the Secretary shall—
6	"(1) facilitate stakeholder involvement to up-
7	date—
8	"(A) the Roadmap to Achieve Energy De-
9	livery Systems Cybersecurity;
10	"(B) the Cybersecurity Procurement Lan-
11	guage for Energy Delivery Systems, including
12	developing guidance for—
13	"(i) contracting with third parties to
14	conduct vulnerability testing for informa-
15	tion systems used across the energy pro-
16	duction, delivery, storage, and end use sys-
17	tems;
18	"(ii) contracting with third parties
19	that utilize transient devices to access in-
20	formation systems; and
21	"(iii) managing supply chain risks;
22	and
23	"(C) the Electricity Subsector Cybersecu-
24	rity Capability Maturity Model, including the

1	development of metrics to measure changes in
2	cybersecurity readiness; and
3	"(2) develop voluntary guidance to improve dig-
4	ital forensic analyses capabilities, including—
5	"(A) developing standardized terminology
6	and monitoring processes; and
7	"(B) utilizing human factors research to
8	develop more effective procedures for logging
9	incident events; and
10	"(3) work with the National Science Founda-
11	tion, Department of Homeland Security, and stake-
12	holders to develop a mechanism to anonymize, ag-
13	gregate, and share the testing results from cyberse-
14	curity test beds to facilitate technology improve-
15	ments by public and private sector researchers.
16	"(c) Best Practices.—The Secretary, in collabora-
17	tion with the Director of the National Institute of Stand-
18	ards and Technology and other appropriate Federal agen-
19	cies, shall convene relevant stakeholders and facilitate the
20	development of—
21	"(1) consensus-based best practices to improve
22	cybersecurity for—
23	"(A) emerging energy technologies;

1	"(B) distributed generation and storage
2	technologies, and other distributed energy re-
3	sources;
4	"(C) electric vehicles and electric vehicle
5	charging stations; and
6	"(D) other technologies and devices that
7	connect to the electric grid;
8	"(2) recommended cybersecurity features and
9	requirements that can be used by the private sector
10	to design and build interoperable cybersecurity fea-
11	tures into technologies that connect to the electric
12	grid, including networked devices and components
13	on distribution systems; and
14	"(3) technical analysis that can be used by the
15	private sector in developing best practices for test
16	beds and test bed methodologies that will enable re-
17	producible testing of cybersecurity protections for in-
18	formation systems, electronic devices, and other rel-
19	evant components, software, and hardware across
20	test beds.
21	"(d) Regulatory Authority.—None of the activi-
22	ties authorized in this section shall be construed to author-
23	ize regulatory actions. Additionally, the voluntary stand-
24	ards developed under this section shall not duplicate or
25	conflict with mandatory reliability standards.

1	"SEC. 1313. VULNERABILITY TESTING AND TECHNICAL AS-
2	SISTANCE TO IMPROVE CYBERSECURITY.
3	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall—
4	"(1) coordinate with energy sector asset owners
5	and operators, leveraging the research facilities and
6	expertise of the National Laboratories, to assist enti-
7	ties in developing testing capabilities by—
8	"(A) utilizing a range of methods to iden-
9	tify vulnerabilities in physical and cyber sys-
10	tems;
11	"(B) developing cybersecurity risk assess-
12	ment tools and providing analyses and rec-
13	ommendations to participating stakeholders;
14	and
15	"(C) working with stakeholders to develop
16	methods to share anonymized and aggregated
17	test results to assist relevant stakeholders in
18	the energy sector, researchers, and the private
19	sector to advance cybersecurity efforts, tech-
20	nologies, and tools;
21	"(2) collaborate with relevant stakeholders, in-
22	eluding public utility commissions, to—
23	"(A) identify information, research, staff
24	training, and analytical tools needed to evaluate
25	cybersecurity issues and challenges in the en-
26	ergy sector; and

1	"(B) facilitate the sharing of information
2	and the development of tools identified under
3	subparagraph (A);
4	"(3) collaborate with tribal governments to
5	identify information, research, and analysis tools
6	needed by tribal governments to increase the cyber-
7	security of energy assets within their jurisdiction.
8	"SEC. 1314. EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE TRAINING RE-
9	SEARCH AND STANDARDS.
10	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall support the
11	development of a cybersecurity workforce through a pro-
12	gram that—
13	"(1) facilitates collaboration between under-
14	graduate and graduate students, researchers at the
15	National Laboratories, and the private sector;
16	"(2) prioritizes science and technology in areas
17	relevant to the mission of the Department of Energy
18	through the design and application of cybersecurity
19	technologies;
20	"(3) develops, or facilitates private sector devel-
21	opment of, voluntary cybersecurity training and re-
22	training standards, lessons, and recommendations
23	for the energy sector that minimize duplication of
24	cybersecurity compliance training programs; and

1	"(4) maintains a public database of cybersecu-
2	rity education, training, and certification programs.
3	"(b) Collaboration.—In carrying out the program
4	authorized in subsection (a), the Secretary shall leverage
5	programs and activities carried out across the Department
6	of Energy, other relevant Federal agencies, institutions of
7	higher education, and other appropriate entities best suit-
8	ed to provide national leadership on cybersecurity-related
9	issues.
10	"SEC. 1315. INTERAGENCY COORDINATION AND STRATEGIC
11	PLAN FOR ENERGY SECTOR CYBERSECURITY
12	RESEARCH.
13	"(a) Duties.—The Secretary, in coordination with
14	the Energy Sector Government Coordinating Council,
15	shall—
16	"(1) review the most recent versions of the
17	Roadmap to Achieve Energy Delivery Systems Cy-
18	bersecurity and the Multi-Year Program Plan for
19	Energy Sector Cybersecurity to identify crosscutting
20	energy sector cybersecurity research needs and op-
21	portunities for collaboration among Federal agencies
22	and other relevant stakeholders;
23	"(2) identify interdisciplinary research, tech-
24	nology, and tools that can be applied to cybersecu-
25	rity challenges in the energy sector;

1	"(3) identify technology transfer opportunities
2	to accelerate the development and commercial appli-
3	cation of novel cybersecurity technologies, systems,
4	and processes in the energy sector; and
5	"(4) develop a coordinated Interagency Stra-
6	tegic Plan for research to advance cybersecurity ca-
7	pabilities used in the energy sector that builds on
8	the Roadmap to Achieve Energy Delivery Systems in
9	Cybersecurity and the Multi-Year Program Plan for
10	Energy Sector Cybersecurity.
11	"(b) Interagency Strategic Plan.—
12	"(1) Submittal.—The Interagency Strategic
13	Plan developed under subsection (a)(4) shall be sub-
14	mitted to Congress within 12 months after the date
15	of enactment of the Grid Security Research and De-
16	velopment Act.
17	"(2) Contents.—The Interagency Strategic
18	Plan shall include—
19	"(A) an analysis of how existing cybersecu-
20	rity research efforts across the Federal Govern-
21	ment are advancing the goals of the Roadmap
22	to Achieve Energy Delivery Systems Cybersecu-
23	rity and the Multi-Year Program Plan for En-
24	ergy Sector Cybersecurity;

1	"(B) recommendations for research areas
2	that may advance the cybersecurity of the en-
3	ergy sector;
4	"(C) an overview of existing and proposed
5	public and private sector research efforts that
6	address the topics outlined in paragraph (3);
7	and
8	"(D) an overview of needed support for
9	workforce training in cybersecurity for the en-
10	ergy sector.
11	"(3) Considerations.—In developing the
12	Interagency Strategic Plan, the Secretary, in coordi-
13	nation with the Energy Sector Government Coordi-
14	nating Council, shall consider—
15	"(A) opportunities for human factors re-
16	search to improve the design and effectiveness
17	of cybersecurity devices, technologies, tools,
18	processes, and training programs;
19	"(B) contributions of other disciplines to
20	the development of innovative cybersecurity pro-
21	cedures, devices, components, technologies, and
22	tools;
23	"(C) opportunities for technology transfer
24	programs to facilitate private sector develop-
25	ment of cybersecurity procedures, devices, com-

1	ponents, technologies, and tools for the energy
2	sector;
3	"(D) broader applications of the work done
4	by relevant Federal agencies to advance the cy-
5	bersecurity of information systems and data
6	analytics systems for the energy sector; and
7	"(E) activities called for in the Federal cy-
8	bersecurity research and development strategic
9	plan required by section 201(a)(1) of the Cy-
10	bersecurity Enhancement Act of 2014 (15
11	U.S.C. 7431(a)(1)).
12	"(c) Participation.—For the purposes of carrying
13	out this section, the Energy Sector Government Coordi-
14	nating Council shall include representatives from Federal
15	agencies with expertise in the energy sector, information
16	systems, data analytics, cyber physical systems, engineer-
17	ing, human factors research, human-machine interfaces,
18	high performance computing, big data and data analytics,
19	or other disciplines considered appropriate by the Council
20	Chair.
21	"SEC. 1316. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
22	"(a) Balancing Risks, Increasing Security, and
23	Improving Modernization.—
24	"(1) Study.—The Secretary, in collaboration
25	with the National Institute of Standards and Tech-

1	nology, other Federal agencies, and energy sector
2	stakeholders, in order to provide recommendations
3	for additional research, development, demonstration,
4	and commercial application activities, shall—
5	"(A) analyze physical and cyber attacks on
6	energy sector infrastructure and information
7	systems and identify cost-effective opportunities
8	to improve physical and cyber security; and
9	"(B) examine the risks associated with in-
10	creasing penetration of digital technologies in
11	grid networks, particularly on the distribution
12	grid.
13	"(2) Content.—The study shall—
14	"(A) analyze processes, operational proce-
15	dures, and other factors common among cyber
16	attacks;
17	"(B) identify areas where human behavior
18	plays a critical role in maintaining or compro-
19	mising the security of a system;
20	"(C) recommend—
21	"(i) changes to the design of devices,
22	human-machine interfaces, technologies,
23	tools, processes, or procedures to optimize
24	security that do not require a change in
25	human behavior; and

1	"(ii) training techniques to increase
2	the capacity of employees to actively iden-
3	tify, prevent, or neutralize the impact of
4	cyber attacks;
5	"(D) evaluate existing engineering and
6	technical design criteria and guidelines that in-
7	corporate human factors research findings, and
8	recommend criteria and guidelines for cyberse-
9	curity tools that can be used to develop display
10	systems for cybersecurity monitoring, such as
11	alarms, user-friendly displays, and layouts;
12	"(E) evaluate the cybersecurity risks and
13	benefits of various design and architecture op-
14	tions for energy sector systems, networked grid
15	systems and components, and automation sys-
16	tems, including consideration of—
17	"(i) designs that include both digital
18	and analog control devices and tech-
19	nologies;
20	"(ii) different communication tech-
21	nologies used to transfer information and
22	data between control system devices, tech-
23	nologies, and system operators;
24	"(iii) automated and human-in-the-
25	loop devices and technologies;

1	"(iv) programmable versus non-
2	programmable devices and technologies;
3	"(v) increased redundancy using dis-
4	similar cybersecurity technologies; and
5	"(vi) grid architectures that use au-
6	tonomous functions to limit control
7	vulnerabilities; and
8	"(F) recommend methods or metrics to
9	document changes in risks associated with sys-
10	tem designs and architectures.
11	"(3) Consultation.—In conducting the study,
12	the Secretary shall consult with energy sector stake-
13	holders, academic and private sector researchers, the
14	private sector, and other relevant stakeholders.
15	"(4) Report.—Not later than 24 months after
16	the date of enactment of the Grid Security Research
17	and Development Act, the Secretary shall submit the
18	study to the Committee on Science, Space, and
19	Technology of the House of Representatives and the
20	Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the
21	Senate.
22	"SEC. 1317. DEFINITIONS.
23	"In this title:

1	"(1) BIG DATA.—The term 'big data' means
2	datasets that require advanced analytical methods
3	for their transformation into useful information.
4	"(2) Cybersecurity.—The term 'cybersecu-
5	rity' means protecting an information system or in-
6	formation that is stored on, processed by, or
7	transiting an information system from a cybersecu-
8	rity threat or security vulnerability.
9	"(3) Cybersecurity threat.—The term 'cy-
10	bersecurity threat' has the meaning given the term
11	in section 102 of the Cybersecurity Information
12	Sharing Act of 2015 (6 U.S.C. 1501).
13	"(4) Electricity subsector coordinating
14	COUNCIL.—The term 'Electricity Subsector Coordi-
15	nating Council' means the self-organized, self-gov-
16	erned council consisting of senior industry represent-
17	atives to serve as the principal liaison between the
18	Federal Government and the electric power sector
19	and to carry out the role of the Sector Coordinating
20	Council as established in the National Infrastructure
21	Protection Plan for the electricity subsector.
22	"(5) Energy sector government coordi-
23	NATING COUNCIL.—The term 'Energy Sector Gov-
24	ernment Coordinating Council' means the council
25	consisting of representatives from relevant Federal

1	Government agencies to provide effective coordina-
2	tion of energy sector efforts to ensure a secure, reli-
3	able, and resilient energy infrastructure and to carry
4	out the role of the Government Coordinating Council
5	as established in the National Infrastructure Protec-
6	tion Plan for the energy sector.
7	"(6) Human factors research.—The term
8	'human factors research' means research on human
9	performance in social and physical environments,
10	and on the integration and interaction of humans
11	with physical systems and computer hardware and
12	software.
13	"(7) Human-machine interfaces.—The term
14	'human-machine interfaces' means technologies that
15	present information to an operator or user about the
16	state of a process or system, or accept human in-
17	structions to implement an action, including visual-
18	ization displays such as a graphical user interface.
19	"(8) Information system.—The term 'infor-
20	mation system'—
21	"(A) has the meaning given the term in
22	section 102 of the Cybersecurity Information
23	Sharing Act of 2015 (6 U.S.C. 1501); and
24	"(B) includes operational technology, infor-
25	mation technology, and communications.

1	"(9) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term 'na-
2	tional laboratory' has the meaning given the term in
3	section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
4	U.S.C. 15801).
5	"(10) Security Vulnerability.—The term
6	'security vulnerability' has the meaning given the
7	term in section 102 of the Cybersecurity Information
8	Sharing Act of 2015 (6 U.S.C. 1501).
9	"(11) Transient devices.—The term 'tran-
10	sient devices' means removable media, including
11	floppy disks, compact disks, USB flash drives, exter-
12	nal hard drives, mobile devices, and other devices
13	that utilize wireless connections.
14	"SEC. 1318. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
15	"There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
16	retary to carry out this title—
17	"(1) $$150,000,000$ for fiscal year 2021;
18	"(2) $$157,500,000$ for fiscal year 2022;
19	"(3) \$165,375,000 for fiscal year 2023;
20	"(4) $$173,645,000$ for fiscal year 2024; and
21	"(5) $$182,325,000$ for fiscal year 2025.".