Union Calendar No. ^{116TH CONGRESS} ^{1ST SESSION} H.R. 1709

[Report No. 116-]

To amend the America COMPETES Act to establish certain scientific integrity policies for Federal agencies that fund, conduct, or oversee scientific research, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 13, 2019

Mr. TONKO (for himself, Ms. JOHNSON of Texas, Ms. STEVENS, and Mr. LOWENTHAL) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology

October --, 2019

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on March 13, 2019]

A BILL

To amend the America COMPETES Act to establish certain scientific integrity policies for Federal agencies that fund, conduct, or oversee scientific research, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Scientific Integrity Act".
5	SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
6	It is the sense of Congress that—
7	(1) science and the scientific process should help
8	inform and guide public policy decisions on a wide
9	range of issues, including improvement of public
10	health, protection of the environment, and protection
11	of national security;
12	(2) the public must be able to trust the science
13	and scientific process informing public policy deci-
14	sions;
15	(3) science, the scientific process, and the com-
16	munication of science should be free from politics, ide-
17	ology, and financial conflicts of interest;
18	(4) policies and procedures that ensure the integ-
19	rity of the conduct and communication of publicly
20	funded science are critical to ensuring public trust;
21	(5) a Federal agency that funds, conducts, or
22	oversees research should not suppress, alter, interfere
23	with, or otherwise impede the timely communication
24	and open exchange of data and findings to other
25	agencies, policymakers, and the public of research

1	conducted by a scientist or engineer employed or con-
2	tracted by a Federal agency that funds, conducts, or
3	oversees scientific research;
4	(6) Federal agencies that fund, conduct, or over-
5	see research should work to prevent the suppression or
6	distortion of the data and findings;
7	(7) under the First Amendment to the Constitu-
8	tion, citizens of the United States have the right to
9	"petition the government for a redress of grievances";
10	and
11	(8) Congress has further protected those rights
12	under section 7211 of title 5, United States Code,
13	which states, "the right of employees, individually or
14	collectively, to petition Congress or a member of Con-
15	gress may not be interfered with or denied".
16	SEC. 3. AMENDMENT TO AMERICA COMPETES ACT.
17	Section 1009 of the America COMPETES Act (42
18	U.S.C. 6620) is amended by striking subsections (a) and
19	(b) and inserting the following:
20	"(a) Scientific Integrity Policies.—
21	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
22	the date of enactment of the Scientific Integrity Act,
23	the head of each covered agency shall—

1	"(A) adopt and enforce a scientific integrity
2	policy in accordance with subsections (b) and
3	(c); and
4	(B) submit such policy to the Director of
5	the Office of Science and Technology Policy for
6	approval.
7	"(2) PUBLICATION.—Not later than 30 days
8	after the Director of the Office of Science and Tech-
9	nology Policy approves the scientific integrity policy
10	under paragraph (1), the head of each covered agency
11	shall—
12	"(A) make such policy available to the pub-
13	lic on the website of the agency; and
14	``(B) submit such policy to the relevant
15	Committees of Congress.
16	"(b) Requirements.—A scientific integrity policy
17	under subsection (a)—
18	"(1) shall prohibit any covered individual
19	from—
20	"(A) engaging in dishonesty, fraud, deceit,
21	misrepresentation, coercive manipulation, or
22	other scientific or research misconduct;
23	"(B) suppressing, altering, interfering with,
24	delaying without scientific merit, or otherwise

1	impeding the release and communication of, sci-
2	entific or technical findings;
3	"(C) intimidating or coercing an individual
4	to alter or censor, attempting to intimidate or
5	coerce an individual to alter or censor, or retali-
6	ating against an individual for failure to alter
7	or censor, scientific or technical findings; or
8	``(D) implementing an institutional barrier
9	to cooperation with scientists outside the covered
10	agency and the timely communication of sci-
11	entific or technical findings;
12	"(2) shall allow a covered individual to—
13	"(A) disseminate scientific or technical
14	findings, subject to existing law, by-
15	"(i) participating in scientific con-
16	ferences; and
17	"(ii) seeking publication in online and
18	print publications through peer-reviewed,
19	professional, or scholarly journals;
20	"(B) sit on scientific advisory or governing
21	boards;
22	"(C) join or hold leadership positions on
23	scientific councils, societies, unions, and other
24	professional organizations;

 $\overline{7}$

	·
1	``(D) contribute to the academic peer-review
2	process as reviewers or editors; and
3	((E) participate and engage with the sci-
4	entific community;
5	"(3) may require a covered individual to, before
6	disseminating scientific or technical findings as de-
7	scribed in paragraph (2)(A), submit such findings to
8	the agency for the purpose of review by the agency of
9	the data and findings for technical accuracy if the
10	scientific integrity policy outlines a clear and con-
11	sistent process for such review; and
12	"(4) shall require that—
13	"(A) scientific conclusions are not made
14	based on political considerations;
15	``(B) the selection and retention of can-
16	didates for science and technology positions in
17	the covered agency are based primarily on the
18	candidate's expertise, scientific credentials, expe-
19	rience, and integrity;
20	"(C) personnel actions regarding covered in-
21	dividuals, except for political appointees, are not
22	taken on the basis of political consideration or
23	ideology;
24	``(D) covered individuals adhere to the high-
25	est ethical and professional standards in con-

1	ducting their research and disseminating their
2	findings;
3	((E) the appropriate rules, procedures, and
4	safeguards are in place to ensure the integrity of
5	the scientific process within the covered agency;
6	``(F) scientific or technological information
7	considered in policy decisions is subject to well-
8	established scientific processes, including peer re-
9	view where appropriate;
10	(G) procedures, including procedures with
11	respect to applicable whistleblower protections,
12	are in place as are necessary to ensure the integ-
13	rity of scientific and technological information
14	and processes on which the covered agency relies
15	in its decision making or otherwise uses; and
16	``(H) enforcement of such policy is con-
17	sistent with the processes for an administrative
18	hearing and an administrative appeal.
19	"(c) Implementation.—In carrying out subsection
20	(a), the head of each covered agency shall—
21	"(1) design the scientific integrity policy to
22	apply with respect to the covered agency;
23	"(2) ensure that such policy is clear with respect
24	to what activities are permitted and what activities
25	are not permitted;

1	"(3) ensure that there is a process for individ-
2	uals not employed or contracted by the agency, in-
3	cluding grantees, collaborators, partners, and volun-
4	teers, to report violations of the scientific integrity
5	policy;
6	"(4) enforce such policy uniformly throughout
7	the covered agency; and
8	"(5) make such policy available to the public,
9	employees, private contractors, and grantees of the
10	covered agency.
11	"(d) Scientific Integrity Officer.—Not later than
12	90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, each covered
13	agency shall appoint a Scientific Integrity Officer, who
14	shall—
15	"(1) be a career employee at the covered agency
16	in a professional position;
17	"(2) have technical knowledge and expertise in
18	conducting and overseeing scientific research;
19	"(3) direct the activities and duties described in
20	subsections (e), (f), and (g); and
21	"(4) work closely with the inspector general of
22	the covered agency, as appropriate.
23	"(e) Administrative Process and Training.—Not
24	later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
25	the head of each covered agency shall establish—

1	"(1) an administrative process and administra-
1	tive appeal process for dispute resolution consistent
2	
	with the scientific integrity policy of the covered
4	agency adopted under subsection (a); and
5	"(2) a training program to provide—
6	"(A) regular scientific integrity and ethics
7	training to employees and contractors of the cov-
8	ered agency;
9	``(B) new covered employees with training
10	within one month of commencing employment;
11	"(C) information to ensure that covered in-
12	dividuals are fully aware of their rights and re-
13	sponsibilities regarding the conduct of scientific
14	research, publication of scientific research, and
15	communication with the media and the public
16	regarding scientific research; and
17	(D) information to ensure that covered in-
18	dividuals are fully aware of their rights and re-
19	sponsibilities for administrative hearings and
20	appeals established in the covered agency's sci-
21	entific integrity policy.
22	"(f) Reporting.—
23	"(1) ANNUAL REPORT.—Each year, each Sci-
24	entific Integrity Officer appointed by a covered agen-

25 cy under subsection (d) shall post an annual report

1	on the public website of the covered agency that in-
2	cludes, for the year covered by the report—
3	"(A) the number of complaints of mis-
4	conduct with respect to the scientific integrity
5	policy adopted under subsection (a)—
6	"(i) filed for administrative redress;
7	"(ii) petitioned for administrative ap-
8	peal; and
9	"(iii) still pending from years prior to
10	the year covered by the report, if any;
11	"(B) an anonymized summary of each such
12	complaint and the results of each such com-
13	plaint; and
14	"(C) any changes made to the scientific in-
15	tegrity policy.
16	"(2) Incident report.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days
18	after the date on which an incident described in
19	subparagraph (B) occurs, the head of a covered
20	agency shall submit a report describing the inci-
21	dent to the Office of Science and Technology Pol-
22	icy and the relevant Committees of Congress.
23	"(B) Incident.—An incident described
24	under this paragraph is an incident in which an
25	individual, acting outside the channels estab-

1	lished under subsection (e), overrules the decision
2	of the Scientific Integrity Officer with respect to
3	a dispute regarding a violation of the scientific
4	integrity policy.
5	"(g) Office of Science and Technology Policy.—
6	The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy
7	shall—
8	"(1) collate, organize, and publicly share all in-
9	formation it receives under subsection (g) in one place
10	on its own website; and
11	"(2) on an annual basis, convene the Scientific
12	Integrity Officer of each covered agency appointed
13	under subsection (d) to discuss best practices for im-
14	plementing the requirements of this section.
15	"(h) Periodic Review and Approval.—
16	"(1) INTERNAL REVIEW.—The head of each cov-
17	ered agency shall periodically conduct a review of the
18	scientific integrity policy and change such policy as
19	appropriate.
20	"(2) Review by the office of science and
21	TECHNOLOGY POLICY.—
22	"(A) Review of substantial updates.—
23	The head of each covered agency shall submit to
24	the Office of Science and Technology Policy for

1	approval any substantial changes to the sci-
2	entific integrity policy.
3	"(B) QUINQUENNIAL REVIEW.—Not later
4	than 5 years after the date of the enactment of
5	the Scientific Integrity Act, and quinquennially
6	thereafter, the head of each covered agency shall
7	submit the scientific integrity policy to the Office
8	of Science and Technology Policy for review and
9	approval.
10	"(i) Comptroller General Review.—Not later
11	than 2 years after the date of the enactment of the Scientific
12	Integrity Act, the Comptroller General shall conduct a re-
13	view of the implementation of the scientific integrity policy
14	by each covered agency.
15	"(j) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
16	"(1) AGENCY.—The term 'agency' has the mean-
17	ing given the term in section 551 of title 5, United
18	States Code.
19	"(2) COVERED AGENCY.—The term 'covered
20	agency' means an agency that funds, conducts, or
21	oversees scientific research.
22	"(3) Covered individual.—The term 'covered
23	individual' means a Federal employee or contractor
24	who—

1	"(A) is engaged in, supervises, or manages
2	scientific activities;
3	"(B) analyzes or publicly communicates in-
4	formation resulting from scientific activities; or
5	"(C) uses scientific information or analyses
6	in making bureau, office, or agency policy, man-
7	agement, or regulatory decisions.
8	"(4) Relevant committees of congress.—
9	The term 'relevant Committees of Congress' means—
10	"(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
11	and Transportation of the Senate; and
12	"(B) the Committee on Science, Space, and
13	Technology of the House of Representatives.".
14	SEC. 4. EXISTING POLICIES; CLARIFICATION.
15	(a) Existing Scientific Integrity Policies.—Not-
16	withstanding the amendments made by this Act, a covered
17	agency's scientific integrity policy that was in effect on the
18	day before the date of enactment of this Act may satisfy
19	the requirements under the amendments made by this Act
20	if the head of the covered agency—
21	(1) makes a written determination that the pol-
22	icy satisfies such requirements; and
23	(2) submits the written determination and the
24	policy to the Director of the Office of Science and
25	Technology Policy for review and approval.

(b) CLARIFICATION.—Nothing in this Act shall affect
 the application of United States copyright law.

3 (c) COVERED AGENCY DEFINED.—The term "covered
4 agency" has the meaning given the term in section 1009
5 of the America COMPETES Act (42 U.S.C. 6620).