[DISCUSSION DRAFT]

H.R.

117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

> To improve the Federal effort to reduce wildland fire risks, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

M____ introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To improve the Federal effort to reduce wildland fire risks, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "National Wildland Fire

5 Risk Reduction Program Act".

6 SEC. 2. ESTABLISHMENT.

7 The President shall establish a National Wildland
8 Fire Risk Reduction Program with the purpose of achiev9 ing major measurable reductions in the losses of life and

1	property from wildland fires through a coordinated Fed-
2	eral effort to—
3	(1) improve the assessment of fire environments
4	and the understanding and prediction of wildland
5	fires, associated smoke, and their impacts, includ-
6	ing—
7	(A) at the wildland-urban interface;
8	(B) on communities, buildings and other
9	infrastructure; and
10	(C) social and economic impacts;
11	(2) develop and encourage the adoption of
12	science-based and cost-effective measures to prevent
13	and mitigate wildland fire and associated smoke im-
14	pacts; and
15	(3) improve the understanding and mitigation
16	of the impacts of climate change and variability on
17	wildland fire risk, frequency, and severity, and to in-
18	form paragraphs (1) and (2) .
19	SEC. 3. PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.
20	The Program shall consist of the activities described
21	under section 6, which shall be designed—
22	(1) to support research and development, in-
23	cluding interdisciplinary research, related to fire en-
24	vironments, wildland fires, associated smoke, and

their impacts, in furtherance of a coordinated inter agency effort to address wildfire risk reduction;

3 (2) to support data management and steward4 ship, and the development and coordination of data
5 systems and computational tools to accelerate the
6 understanding of fire environments, wildland fires,
7 associated smoke, and their impacts;

8 (3) to support the development of novel tools 9 and technologies to improve understanding, moni-10 toring, prediction, and mitigation of wildland fires, 11 associated smoke, and their impacts;(4) to support 12 education and training to expand the number of stu-13 dents and researchers in areas of study and research 14 related to wildland fire;

(5) to accelerate the translation of research related to wildland fires and associated smoke into operations to reduce harm to communities, buildings,
and other infrastructure;

19 (6) to conduct communication and outreach re20 garding wildland fire science and wildland fire risk
21 mitigation, to communities, energy utilities and op22 erators of other critical infrastructure, and other rel23 evant stakeholders;

24 (7) to support research and development25 projects funded under joint solicitations or through

memoranda of understanding between no fewer than
 two agencies participating in the Program; and

3 (8) to disseminate, to the extent practicable,
4 scientific data and related products and services in
5 formats meeting shared standards to enhance the
6 interoperability, usability, and accessibility of Pro7 gram Agency data in order to better meet the needs
8 of Program agencies, other Federal agencies, and
9 relevant stakeholders.

10 sec. 4. INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE ON11WILDLAND FIRE RISK REDUCTION.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after
enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Science
and Technology Policy shall establish an Interagency Coordinating Committee on Wildland Fire Risk Reduction,
to be co-chaired by the Director and the Director of the
National Institute of Standards and Technology.

18 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—In addition to the co-chairs, the19 Committee shall be composed of—

20 (1) the Director of the National Science Foun-21 dation;

(2) the Administrator of the National Oceanicand Atmospheric Administration;

24 (3) the Administrator of the Federal Emer-25 gency Management Agency;

1	(4) the United States Fire Administration;
2	(5) the Chief of the Forest Service;
3	(6) the Administrator of the National Aero-
4	nautics and Space Administration;
5	(7) the Administrator of the Environmental
6	Protection Agency;
7	(8) the Secretary of Energy;
8	(9) the Director of the Office of Science and
9	Technology Policy;
10	(10) the Director of the Office of Management
11	and Budget;
12	(11) the Secretary of the Interior;
13	(12) the Director of United States Geological
14	Survey;
15	(13) the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-
16	ices;
17	(14) the Secretary of Defense;
18	(15) the Secretary of Housing and Urban De-
19	velopment; and
20	(16) the head of any other Federal agency that
21	the Director considers appropriate.
22	(c) MEETINGS.—The Committee shall meet not less
23	than twice a year for the first 2 years and then not less
24	than once a year at the call of the Director.

(d) GENERAL PURPOSE AND DUTIES.—The Com mittee shall oversee the planning, management, and co ordination of the Program, and solicit stakeholder input
 on Program goals.

5 (e) STRATEGIC PLAN.—The Committee shall develop
6 and submit to Congress, not later than 1 year after enact7 ment, a Strategic Plan for the Program that includes—
8 (1) prioritized goals for the Program, consistent
9 with the purposes of the Program as described in
10 section 2;

11 (2) short-term, mid-term, and long-term re12 search and development objectives to achieve those
13 goals;

14 (3) a description of the role of each Program15 agency in achieving the prioritized goals;

16 (4) a description of how the Committee will fos17 ter collaboration between and among the Program
18 agencies to help meet the goals of the Program;

19 (5) the methods by which progress toward the20 goals will be assessed;

(6) an explanation of how the Program will foster the translation of research into measurable reductions in the losses of life and property from
wildland fires, including recommended outcomes and
metrics for each program goal and how operational

Program agencies will transition demonstrated tech nologies and research findings into operations;

3 (7) a description of the research infrastructure, 4 including databases and computational tools, needed 5 to accomplish the research and development objec-6 tives outlined in paragraph (2), a description of how 7 research infrastructure in existence at the time of 8 the development of the plan will be used to meet the 9 objectives, and an explanation of how new research 10 infrastructure will be developed to meet the objec-11 tives;

(8) description of how Program Agencies will
collaborate with stakeholders and take into account
stakeholder needs and recommendations in developing research and development objectives;

(9) recommendations on the most effective
means to integrate the research results into wildland
fire preparedness and response actions across Federal, State, and local levels; and

(10) guidance on how the Committee's recommendations are best used in climate adaptation
planning for Federal, State, local, Tribal, and territorial entities.

24 (f) COORDINATION WITH OTHER FEDERAL EF-25 FORTS.—The Director shall ensure that the activities of

the Program are coordinated with other relevant Federal
 initiatives as appropriate.

- 3 (g) PROGRESS REPORT.—Not later than 18 months 4 after the date transmission of the Strategic Plan from 5 subsection (e) to Congress and not less frequently than 6 once every 2 years thereafter, the Committee shall submit 7 to the Congress a report on the progress of the Program 8 that includes—
- 9 (1) a description of the activities funded under 10 the Program, a description of how those activities 11 align with the prioritized goals and research objec-12 tives established in the Strategic Plan, and the 13 budgets, per agency, for these activities; and

14 (2) the outcomes achieved by the Program for15 each of the goals identified in the Strategic Plan.

16 SEC. 5. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REVIEW.

17 Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment
18 of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States
19 shall submit a report to Congress that—

(1) evaluates the progress and performance of
the Program in establishing and making progress toward the goals of the Program as set forth in this
Act; and

(2) includes such recommendations as the
 Comptroller General determines are appropriate to
 improve the Program.

4 SEC. 6. RESPONSIBILITIES OF PROGRAM AGENCIES.

5 (a) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND
6 TECHNOLOGY.—The responsibilities of the Director of the
7 National Institute of Standards and Technology with re8 spect to the Program are as follows:

9 (1) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVI10 TIES.—The Director of the National Institute of
11 Standards and Technology shall—

12 (A) carry out research on the impact of
13 wildland fires on communities, buildings, and
14 other infrastructure;;

(B) carry out research on the generation of
firebrands from wildland fires and on methods
and materials to prevent or reduce firebrand ignition of communities, buildings, and other infrastructure;;

20 (C) carry out research on novel materials,
21 systems, structures, and construction designs to
22 harden structures, parcels, and communities to
23 the impact of wildland fires;

(D) carry out research on the impact of
 environmental factors on wildland fire behavior,
 including wind, terrain, and moisture.; and

4 (E) support the development of performance-based tools to mitigate the impact of 5 6 wildland fires, and work with appropriate 7 groups to promote the use of such tools, includ-8 ing through model building codes and fire 9 codes, standard test methods, voluntary con-10 sensus standards, and construction and retrofit 11 best practices;

(2) WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE FIRE POSTINVESTIGATIONS.—The Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology shall—

15 (A) coordinate Federal post-wildland fire
16 investigations of fires at the wildland-urban
17 interface; and

(B) develop methodologies to characterize
the impact of wildland fires on communities and
the impact of changes in building and fire
codes, including methodologies—

(i) for collecting, inventorying, and
analyzing information on the performance
of communities, buildings, and other infrastructure in wildland fires; and

(ii) for improved collection of perti-
nent information from different sources,
including first responders, the design and
construction industry, insurance compa-
nies, and building officials.
(b) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—As a part of
the Program, the Director of the National Science Foun-
dation shall support—
(1) research to improve the understanding and
prediction of wildland fire risks, including the condi-
tions that increase the likelihood of a wildland fire,
the behavior of wildland fires, and their impacts on
buildings, communities, infrastructure, ecosystems
and living systems;
(2) development and improvement of tools and
technologies, including databases and computational
models, to enable and accelerate the understanding
and prediction of wildland fires and their impacts
(3) development of research infrastructure, as
appropriate, to enable and accelerate the under-
standing and prediction of wildland fires and their
impacts, including upgrades or additions to the Na-
tional Hazards Engineering Research Infrastructure;
(4) research to improve the understanding of—

12

(A) the response to wildland fire risk mes sages by individuals, communities, and policy makers;
 (B) economic and other factors influencing
 the implementation and adoption of wildland
 fire risk reduction measures by individuals,

communities, and policymakers; and

8 (C) decision-making and emergency re9 sponse to wildland fires;

10 (5) undergraduate and graduate research op11 portunities and graduate and postdoctoral fellow12 ships and traineeships in fields of study relevant to
13 wildland fires and their impacts; and

(6) research to improve the understanding of
the impacts of climate change and climate variability
on wildland fires, including wildland fire risk, frequency, and severity, and wildland fire prediction,
mitigation, and resilience strategies.

19 (c) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN-20 ISTRATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
(in this subsection referred to as the "Administrator") shall conduct research, observations, modeling, forecasting, prediction, and historical analysis

of wildland fires to improve understanding of
 wildland fires, and associated fire weather and
 smoke, for the protection of life and property and
 for the enhancement of the national economy.

5 (2) WEATHER FORECASTING AND DECISION
6 SUPPORT FOR WILDLAND FIRES.—The Adminis7 trator shall—

8 (A) develop and provide accurate, timely, 9 and effective warnings and forecasts of wildland 10 fires and fire weather events that endanger life 11 and property. Such warnings may include red 12 flag warnings, operational fire weather alerts, 13 and any other warnings or alerts the Adminis-14 trator deems appropriate;

(B) provide stakeholders and the public
impact-based decision support services, seasonal
climate predictions, air quality products, and
smoke forecasts; and

19 (C) provide on-site weather forecasts, sea20 sonal climate predictions, and other decision
21 support to wildland fire incident command
22 posts.

23 (3) WILDLAND FIRE INCIDENT RESEARCH
24 DATABASE.—The Administrator, in collaboration
25 with Program agencies and relevant stakeholders,

1	shall develop a publicly accessible Fire Incident Re-
2	search Database to support the archiving, steward-
3	ship, and understanding of historical wildland fire
4	and fire weather data, and to advance wildland fire
5	science. In developing the database, NOAA shall col-
6	laborate with Program agencies and stakeholders
7	to—
8	(A) develop data standards to enhance
9	interoperability of diverse wildland fire data and
10	improve usability of data for a diverse range of
11	stakeholders; and
12	(B) solicit data from other Program agen-
13	cies and from relevant stakeholders.
14	(4) WILDLAND FIRE AND FIRE WEATHER SUR-
15	VEILLANCE AND OBSERVATIONS.—The Adminis-
16	trator, in coordination with Administrator of the Na-
17	tional Aeronautics and Space Administration, shall
18	(A) leverage existing observations, tech-
19	nologies and assets and develop new tech-
20	nologies to sustain and enhance environmental
21	observations used for wildland fire prediction
22	and detection, fire weather and smoke fore-
23	casting, monitoring, and post-wildland fire re-
24	covery, with a focus on—

1	(i) collecting data for pre-ignition
2	analysis, such as drought, fuel conditions,
3	and soil moisture, that will help predict se-
4	vere wildland fire conditions on subsea-
5	sonal to decadal timescales;
6	(ii) supporting identification and clas-
7	sification of fire environments to determine
8	vulnerability to wildland fires and rapid
9	wildland fire growth;
10	(iii) detecting, observing, and moni-
11	toring wildland fires and smoke;
12	(iv) supporting research on the inter-
13	action of weather and wildland fire behav-
14	ior; and
15	(v) supporting post-fire assessments
16	conducted by Program agencies; and
17	(B) prioritize the ability to detect wildfire
18	and smoke in its requirements for its current
19	and future operational space-based assessments
20	and commercial data purchases.
21	(5) Fire weather testbed.—In collaboration
22	with Program agencies, the Administrator shall es-
23	tablish a Fire Weather Testbed to evaluate physical
24	and social science, technology, and other research to

1	develop fire weather products and services for imple-
2	mentation by relevant stakeholders.
3	(6) WILDLAND FIRE AND FIRE WEATHER RE-
4	SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—The Administrator
5	shall support a wildland fire and smoke research and
6	development program with the goals of—
7	(A) improving the understanding, pre-
8	diction, detection, forecasting, monitoring, and
9	assessments of wildland fires and associated fire
10	weather and smoke;
11	(B) developing products and services to
12	meet stakeholder needs;
13	(C) transitioning physical and social
14	science research into operations;
15	(D) improving modeling and technology,
16	including coupled fire-atmosphere fire behavior
17	modeling; and
18	(E) better understanding of links between
19	fire weather events and subseasonal-to-climate
20	impacts.
21	(7) Extramural research.—The Adminis-
22	trator shall collaborate with and support the non-
23	Federal wildland fire research community, which in-
24	cludes institutions of higher education, private enti-
25	ties, nongovernmental organizations, and other rel-

evant stakeholders by making funds available
 through competitive grants, contracts, and coopera tive agreements.

4 (8) HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING.—The
5 Administrator shall acquire high performance com6 puting technologies and supercomputing technologies
7 to conduct research and development activities, sup8 port research to operations under this section, and
9 host operational fire and smoke forecast models.

10 (9) Incident meteorologist workforce as-11 SESSMENT.—Not later than 6 months after the date 12 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall 13 submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and 14 Technology in the House, and the Committee on 15 Commerce, Science, and Transportation in the Senate the results of an assessment of National Weath-16 17 er Service workforce and training needs for Incident 18 Meteorologists for wildland fires and other extreme 19 events and the potential need for more such Incident 20 Meteorologists. Such assessment shall take into con-21 sideration information technology support, logistical 22 and administrative operations, future climate condi-23 tions, and feedback from relevant stakeholders.

1	(d) Federal Emergency Management Agen-
2	CY.—The Administrator of the Federal Emergency Man-
3	agement Agency shall—
4	(1) support—
5	(A) the development of risk assessment
6	tools and effective mitigation techniques for
7	wildland fires;
8	(B) wildland fire-related data collection
9	and analysis;
10	(C) public outreach and information dis-
11	semination related to wildland fires and
12	wildland fire risk; and
13	(D) promotion of the adoption of wildland
14	fire preparedness and risk reduction measures,
15	including for households, businesses, and com-
16	munities;
17	(2) work closely with standards development or-
18	ganizations and building code organizations, in con-
19	junction with the National Institute of Standards
20	and Technology, to promote the implementation of
21	research results and promote better buildings and
22	retrofit practices within the design and construction
23	industry, including architects, engineers, contractors,
24	builders, and inspectors; and

1	(3) acting through the United States Fire Ad-
2	ministration—
3	(A) help translate new information and re-
4	search findings into best practices to improve
5	the training of firefighters in wildland fire fire-
6	fighting; and
7	(B) conduct outreach and information dis-
8	semination to fire departments regarding best
9	practices for wildland fire firefighting and
10	training in wildland fire firefighting.
11	(e) National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
12	TRATION.—The responsibilities of the Administrator of
13	the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (in
14	this subsection referred to as the "Administrator") with
15	respect to the Program are as follows:
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall,
17	with respect to the Program—
18	(A) support relevant basic and applied sci-
19	entific research and modeling;
20	(B) ensure the use in the Program of all
21	relevant Earth observations data for maximum
22	utility;
23	(C) explore and apply novel tools and tech-
24	nologies in the activities of the Program;

1	(D) support the translation of research to
2	operations, including Program Agencies and rel-
3	evant stakeholders; and
4	(E) facilitate the communication of
5	wildland fire research, knowledge, and tools to
6	relevant stakeholders.
7	(2) WILDLAND FIRE RESEARCH AND APPLICA-
8	TIONS.—The Administrator shall support basic and
9	applied wildland fire research and modeling activi-
10	ties, including competitively-selected research to—
11	(A) improve understanding and prediction
12	of fire environments, wildland fires, associated
13	smoke, and their impacts;
14	(B) improve the understanding of the im-
15	pacts of climate change and variability on
16	wildland fire risk, frequency, and severity;
17	(C) characterize the pre-fire phase and
18	fire-inducing conditions, such as soil moisture
19	and vegetative fuel availability;
20	(D) characterize the active fire phase, such
21	as fire and smoke plume mapping, fire behavior
22	and spread modeling, and domestic and global
23	fire activity;

1	(E) characterize the post-fire phase, such
2	as landscape changes, air quality, erosion, land-
3	slides, and impacts on carbon distributions;
4	(F) contribute to advancing predictive
5	wildland fire models;
6	(G) address other relevant investigations
7	and measurements prioritized by the National
8	Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medi-
9	cine Decadal Survey on Earth Science and Ap-
10	plications from Space;
11	(H) improve the translation of research
12	knowledge into actionable information;
13	(I) develop research and data products, in-
14	cluding maps and decision-support information,
15	tools, and support related training as appro-
16	priate and practicable;
17	(J) collaborate with other Program agen-
18	cies and relevant stakeholders, as appropriate,
19	on joint research and development projects, in-
20	cluding research grant solicitations and field
21	campaigns; and
22	(K) transition research advances to oper-
23	ations, including Program Agencies and rel-
24	evant stakeholders, as practicable.

1	(3) WILDLAND FIRE DATABASES AND COM-
2	PUTATIONAL TOOLS.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
4	shall—
5	(i) identify, from the Administration's
6	Earth science data systems, data, including
7	combined data products, that can con-
8	tribute to improving the understanding,
9	monitoring, prediction, and mitigation of
10	wildland fires and their impacts, including
11	data related to fire weather, plume dynam-
12	ics, smoke and fire behavior, impacts of cli-
13	mate change and variability, land and
14	property burned, wildlife and ecosystem de-
15	struction, among other areas;
16	(ii) prioritize the dissemination of
17	data identified under this subparagraph to
18	the widest extent practicable to support
19	relevant research and operations stake-
20	holders;
21	(iii) consider opportunities to support
22	the Program under section 2 and the Pro-
23	gram activities under section 3 when plan-
24	ning and developing Earth observation sat-

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ellites, instruments, and airborne measurement platforms;

(iv) identify opportunities, in collabo-3 4 ration with Program Agencies, as practicable and appropriate, to acquire addi-5 6 tional airborne and space-based data and 7 observations that may enhance or supple-8 ment the understanding, monitoring, pre-9 diction, and mitigation of wildland fire risks, and the relevant Program activities 10 11 under section 3; and

12 (v) lead, in collaboration with Program agencies, the development of a 13 14 Wildland Fire Risk Reduction Scientific 15 Data Collaboration Environment for the 16 purposes of accelerating the understanding 17 and prediction of wildland fires and to fa-18 cilitate communications and outreach on 19 wildland fire data, science, and risk to Pro-20 gram agencies and relevant stakeholders.

(B) DATABASE SPECIFICATIONS.—The
Wildland Fire Risk Reduction Scientific Data
Collaboration Environment under clause (v) of
subparagraph (A) shall be—

	— ±
1	(i) a publicly accessible web portal or
2	other centralized means of access to Pro-
3	gram agencies' wildland fire risk scientific
4	data related to active wildland fires; and
5	(ii) comprised of observations, avail-
6	able real-time and near-real-time measure-
7	ments, derived science and data products,
8	such as risk and spread maps, and other
9	relevant decision support and information
10	tools.
11	(4) NOVEL TOOLS FOR ACTIVE WILDFIRE MONI-
12	TORING AND RISK MITIGATION.—The Administrator,
13	in collaboration with other Program agencies and
14	relevant stakeholders, as practicable and appro-
15	priate, shall apply novel tools and technologies to
16	support active wildland fire research, monitoring,
17	mitigation, and risk reduction. In particular, the Ad-
18	ministrator shall:
19	(A) Establish a program to develop and
20	demonstrate a unified concept of operations for
21	the safe and effective deployment of diverse air
22	capabilities in active wildland fire monitoring,
23	mitigation, and risk reduction, and to—
24	(i) develop a wildland fire airspace op-
25	erations system accounting for piloted air-

1	craft, autonomous aerial systems, and
2	other new and emerging capabilities such
3	as autonomous and high-altitude assets;
4	(ii) develop an interoperable commu-
5	nications strategy to support such system;
6	(iii) develop a roadmap for the on-
7	ramping of new technologies, capabilities,
8	or entities into such system;
9	(iv) identify additional development,
10	testing, and demonstration that would be
11	required to expand the scale of operations
12	of such system;
13	(v) identify actions that would be re-
14	quired to transition the program into ongo-
15	ing, operational use; and
16	(vi) identify other objectives for such
17	system, as deemed appropriate by the Ad-
18	ministrator.
19	(B) Develop and demonstrate affordable
20	and deployable sensing technologies, in con-
21	sultation with other Program agencies and rel-
22	evant stakeholders, to improve monitoring of
23	fire fuel and active wildland fires, wildland fire
24	behavior and forecast models, mapping efforts,

1	
1	the prediction and mitigation of wildland fires
2	and their impacts. The Administrator shall—
3	(i) test and demonstrate technologies
4	such as infrared, microwave, and active
5	sensors suitable for deployment on space-
6	craft, aircraft, and uncrewed aerial sys-
7	tems, as appropriate and practicable;
8	(ii) develop and demonstrate afford-
9	able and deployable sensing technologies
10	that can be transitioned to operations for
11	collection of near-real-time localized meas-
12	urements;
13	(iii) transition demonstrated tech-
14	nologies, techniques, and data into ongo-
15	ing, operational use; and
16	(iv) prioritize and facilitate, to the
17	greatest extent practicable, the dissemina-
18	tion of these science data to operations, in-
19	cluding Program agencies and relevant
20	stakeholders.
21	(f) Environmental Protection Agency.—The
22	Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency
23	shall support environmental research and development ac-
24	tivities to—
25	(1) improve the understanding of—

1	(A) wildland fire and smoke impacts on
2	communities, and on water and outdoor and in-
3	door air quality;
4	(B) wildland fire smoke plume characteris-
5	tics, chemical transformation, and transport;
6	(C) wildland fire and smoke impacts to
7	contaminant containment and remediation;
8	(D) the contribution of wildland fire emis-
9	sions to climate forcing emissions;
10	(E) differences between the impacts of pre-
11	scribed fires compared to other wildland fires
12	on communities and air and water quality; and
13	(F) climate change and variability on
14	wildland fires and smoke plumes, including on
15	smoke exposure;
16	(2) develop and improve tools, sensors, and
17	technologies including databases and computational
18	models, to accelerate the understanding, monitoring,
19	and prediction of wildland fires and smoke exposure;
20	(3) better integrate observational data into
21	wildland fire and smoke characterization models to
22	improve modeling at finer temporal and spatial reso-
23	lution; and
24	(4) improve communication of wildland fire and
25	smoke risk reduction strategies to the public in co-

ordination with relevant stakeholders and other Fed eral agencies.

3 (g) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.—The Secretary of
4 Energy shall carry out activities to research and develop
5 tools, techniques, and technologies for—

6 (1) withstanding and addressing the current
7 and projected impact of wildland fires on energy sec8 tor infrastructure;

9 (2) providing real-time or near-time awareness 10 of the risks posed by wildland fires to the operation 11 of energy infrastructure in affected and potentially 12 affected areas;

(3) early detection of malfunctioning electrical
equipment on the transmission and distribution grid,
including detection of spark ignition causing
wildland fires;

(4) assisting with the planning, safe execution
of, and safe and timely restoration of power after
emergency power shut offs following wildland fires
started by grid infrastructure;

(5) improving electric grid and energy sector
safety and resilience in the event of multiple simultaneous or co-located weather or climate events leading to extreme conditions, such as extreme wind,
wildland fires, extreme cold, and extreme heat;

(6) coordinating data across relevant entities to
 promote resilience and wildland fire prevention in
 the planning, design, construction, operation, and
 maintenance of transmission infrastructure; and

5 (7) considering optimal building energy effi6 ciency practices, as practicable, in wildland fire re7 search.

8 SEC. 7. BUDGET ACTIVITIES.

9 The Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, the Director of the National Science 10 11 Foundation, the Administrator of the National Oceanic 12 and Atmospheric Administration, the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Administrator 13 14 of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 15 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Secretary of Energy shall each include in the 16 17 annual budget request to Congress of each respective 18 agency a description of the projected activities of such 19 agency under the Program for the fiscal year covered by 20 the budget request and an estimate of the amount such 21 agency plans to spend on such activities for the relevant 22 fiscal year.

- 23 SEC. 8. DEFINITIONS.
- 24 In this Act:

(1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
 the Director of the Office of Science and Technology
 Policy.

4 (2) PROGRAM.—The term "Program" means
5 the program established under section 2.

6 (3) PROGRAM AGENCIES.—The term "Program
7 agencies" means any Federal agency with respon8 sibilities under the Program.

9 (4) STAKEHOLDERS.—The term "stakeholders" 10 means any public or private organization engaged in 11 addressing wildland fires, associated smoke, and 12 their impacts, and shall include relevant Federal 13 agencies, States, territories, Tribes, State and local 14 governments, businesses, not-for-profit organiza-15 tions, including national standards and building code 16 organizations, firefighting departments and organi-17 zations, academia, and other users of wildland fire 18 data products.

(5) WILDLAND FIRE.—The term "wildland
fire" means any non-structure fire that occurs in
vegetation or natural fuels and includes wildfires
and prescribed fires.

(6) WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE.—The term
"Wildland-Urban Interface" has the meaning given
such term in section 4(11) of the Federal Fire Pre-

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1	vention and Control Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C.
2	2203(11)).
3	(7) FIRE ENVIRONMENT.—The term "fire envi-
4	ronment" means surrounding conditions, influences,
5	and modifying forces of topography, fuel, and weath-
6	er that determine fire behavior.
7	SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	(a) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND
9	TECHNOLOGY.—There are authorized to be appropriated
10	to the National Institute of Standards and Technology for
11	carrying out this Act—
12	(1) \$35,800,000 for fiscal year 2022;
13	(2) \$36,100,000 for fiscal year 2023;
14	(3) \$36,400,000 for fiscal year 2024;
15	(4) \$36,700,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
16	(5) \$37,100,000 for fiscal year 2026.
17	(b) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—There are
18	authorized to be appropriated to the National Science
19	Foundation for carrying out this Act—
20	(1) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
21	(2) \$53,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
22	(3) \$56,200,000 for fiscal year 2024;
23	(4) \$59,600,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
24	(5) ϕc_{2} 100 000 for fixed were 2020

24 (5) \$63,100,000 for fiscal year 2026.

1	(c) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN-
2	ISTRATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated to
3	the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for
4	carrying out this Act—
5	(1) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
6	(2) \$215,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
7	(3) \$220,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
8	(4) \$230,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
9	(5) \$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
10	(d) NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINIS-
11	TRATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the
12	National Aeronautics and Space Administration for car-
13	rying out this Act—
14	(1) \$95,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
15	(2) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
16	(3) \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
17	(4) \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
18	(5) \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
19	(e) Environmental Protection Agency.—There
20	are authorized to be appropriated to the Environmental
21	Protection Agency for carrying out this Act—
22	(1) \$11,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
23	(2) \$11,700,000 for fiscal year 2023;
24	(3) \$12,400,000 for fiscal year 2024;
25	(4) \$13,100,000 for fiscal year 2025; and

1 (5) \$13,900,000 for fiscal year 2026.