

AMENDMENT TO H.R. 4412
OFFERED BY MS. EDWARDS OF MARYLAND AND
MR. PALAZZO OF MISSISSIPPI

Page 14, line 2, strike “is to enable” and insert “, including an upper stage needed to go beyond low-Earth orbit, is to safely carry a total payload to enable”.

Page 18, lines 8 through 10, strike “to begin not later” and all that follows through “under paragraph (1)” and insert “to begin as soon as practicable after the development of the upper stage has been initiated”.

Page 21, line 20, through page 26, line 14, redesignate subsections (a) through (f) as subsections (b) through (g), respectively.

Page 21, after line 19, insert the following new subsection:

- 1 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 2 (1) The International Space Station is an ideal
- 3 testbed for future exploration systems development,
- 4 including long-duration space travel.
- 5 (2) The use of the private market to provide
- 6 cargo and crew transportation services is currently
- 7 the most expeditious process to restore domestic ac-

1 cess to the International Space Station and low-
2 Earth orbit.

3 (3) Government access to low-Earth orbit is
4 paramount to the continued success of the Inter-
5 national Space Station and National Laboratory.

Page 30, line 20, redesignate section 212 as section
215 (and conform the table of contents accordingly).

Page 30, after line 19, insert the following new sec-
tions (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

6 **SEC. 212. BARRIERS IMPEDING ENHANCED UTILIZATION OF**
7 **THE ISS'S NATIONAL LABORATORY BY COM-**
8 **MERCIAL COMPANIES.**

9 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
10 gress that—

11 (1) enhanced utilization of the International
12 Space Station's National Laboratory requires a full
13 understanding of the barriers impeding such utiliza-
14 tion and actions needed to be taken to remove or
15 mitigate them to the maximum extent practicable;
16 and

17 (2) doing so will allow the Administration to en-
18 courage commercial companies to invest in micro-
19 gravity research using National Laboratory research
20 facilities.

1 (b) ASSESSMENT.—The Administrator shall enter
2 into an arrangement with the National Academies for an
3 assessment to—

4 (1) identify barriers impeding enhanced utiliza-
5 tion of the International Space Station’s National
6 Laboratory;

7 (2) recommend ways to encourage commercial
8 companies to make greater use of the International
9 Space Station’s National Laboratory, including cor-
10 porate investment in microgravity research; and

11 (3) identify any legislative changes that may be
12 required.

13 (c) TRANSMITTAL.—Not later than one year after the
14 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
15 transmit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
16 nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
17 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate
18 the results of the assessment described in subsection (b).

19 **SEC. 213. UTILIZATION OF INTERNATIONAL SPACE STA-**
20 **TION FOR SCIENCE MISSIONS.**

21 The Administrator shall utilize the International
22 Space Station for Science Mission Directorate missions in
23 low-Earth orbit wherever it is practical and cost effective
24 to do so.

1 **SEC. 214. INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION CARGO RESUP-**
2 **PLY SERVICES LESSONS LEARNED.**

3 Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment
4 of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit a report to
5 the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
6 House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
7 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate that—

8 (1) identifies the lessons learned to date from
9 the Commercial Resupply Services contract;

10 (2) indicates whether changes are needed to the
11 manner in which the Administration procures and
12 manages similar services upon the expiration of the
13 existing Commercial Resupply Services contract; and

14 (3) identifies any lessons learned from the Com-
15 mercial Resupply Services contract that should be
16 applied to the procurement and management of com-
17 mercially provided crew transfer services to and
18 from the International Space Station.

Page 35, after line 20, insert the following new sec-
tion (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

19 **SEC. 216. SPACE COMMUNICATIONS.**

20 (a) PLAN.—The Administrator shall develop a plan,
21 in consultation with relevant Federal agencies, for updat-
22 ing the Administration's space communications and navi-
23 gation architecture for low-Earth orbital and deep space

1 operations so that it is capable of meeting the Administra-
2 tion's communications needs over the next 20 years. The
3 plan shall include lifecycle cost estimates, milestones, esti-
4 mated performance capabilities, and 5-year funding pro-
5 files. The plan shall also include an estimate of the
6 amounts of any reimbursements the Administration is
7 likely to receive from other Federal agencies during the
8 expected life of the upgrades described in the plan. At a
9 minimum, the plan shall include a description of the fol-
10 lowing:

11 (1) Steps to sustain the existing space commu-
12 nications and navigation network and infrastructure
13 and priorities for how resources will be applied and
14 cost estimates for the maintenance of existing space
15 communications network capabilities.

16 (2) Upgrades needed to support space commu-
17 nications and navigation network and infrastructure
18 requirements, including cost estimates and schedules
19 and an assessment of the impact on missions if re-
20 sources are not secured at the level needed.

21 (3) Projected space communications and navi-
22 gation network requirements for the next 20 years,
23 including those in support of human space explo-
24 ration missions.

1 (4) Projected Tracking and Data Relay Sat-
2 ellite System requirements for the next 20 years, in-
3 cluding those in support of other relevant Federal
4 agencies, and cost and schedule estimates to main-
5 tain and upgrade the Tracking and Data Relay Sat-
6 ellite System to meet projected requirements.

7 (5) Steps the Administration is taking to meet
8 future space communications requirements after all
9 Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System third-gen-
10 eration communications satellites are operational.

11 (6) Steps the Administration is taking to miti-
12 gate threats to electromagnetic spectrum use.

13 (b) SCHEDULE.—The Administrator shall transmit
14 the plan developed under this section to the Committee
15 on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Rep-
16 resentatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science,
17 and Transportation of the Senate not later than 1 year
18 after the date of enactment of this Act.

Page 40, after line 5, insert the following new sec-
tions (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

19 **SEC. 304. UNIVERSITY CLASS SCIENCE MISSIONS.**

20 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
21 gress that principal investigator-led small orbital science
22 missions, including CubeSat class, University Explorer
23 (UNEX) class, Small Explorer (SMEX) class, and Ven-

1 ture class, offer valuable opportunities to advance science
2 at low cost, train the next generation of scientists and en-
3 gineers, and enable participants in the program to acquire
4 skills in systems engineering and systems integration that
5 are critical to maintaining the Nation's leadership in space
6 and to enhancing the United States innovation and com-
7 petitiveness abroad.

8 (b) REVIEW OF PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR-LED
9 SMALL ORBITAL SCIENCE MISSIONS.—The Administrator
10 shall conduct a review of the science missions described
11 in subsection (a). The review shall include—

12 (1) the status, capability, and availability of ex-
13 isting small orbital science mission programs and
14 the extent to which each program enables the par-
15 ticipation of university scientists and students;

16 (2) the opportunities such mission programs
17 provide for scientific research;

18 (3) the opportunities such mission programs
19 provide for training and education, including sci-
20 entific and engineering workforce development, in-
21 cluding for the Administration's scientific and engi-
22 neering workforce; and

23 (4) the extent to which commercial applications
24 such as hosted payloads, free flyers, and data buys
25 could provide measurable benefits for such mission

1 programs, while preserving the principle of inde-
2 pendent peer review as the basis for mission selec-
3 tion.

4 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date
5 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit
6 to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of
7 the House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
8 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report
9 on the review required under subsection (b) and on rec-
10 ommendations to enhance principal investigator-led small
11 orbital science missions conducted by the Administration
12 in accordance with the results of the review required by
13 subsection (b).

14 **SEC. 305. ASSESSMENT OF SCIENCE MISSION EXTENSIONS.**

15 Section 30504 of title 51, United States Code, is
16 amended to read as follows:

17 **“§ 30504. Assessment of science mission extensions**

18 “(a) ASSESSMENT.—The Administrator shall carry
19 out biennial reviews within each of the Science divisions
20 to assess the cost and benefits of extending the date of
21 the termination of data collection for those missions that
22 exceed their planned missions’ lifetime. The assessment
23 shall take into consideration how extending missions im-
24 pacts the start of future missions.

1 “(b) CONSULTATION AND CONSIDERATION OF PO-
2 TENTIAL BENEFITS OF INSTRUMENTS ON MISSIONS.—
3 When deciding whether to extend a mission that has an
4 operational component, the Administrator shall consult
5 with any affected Federal agency and shall take into ac-
6 count the potential benefits of instruments on missions
7 that are beyond their planned mission lifetime.

8 “(c) REPORT.—The Administrator shall transmit to
9 the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
10 House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
11 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, at the
12 same time as the submission to Congress of the Adminis-
13 tration’s annual budget request for each fiscal year, a re-
14 port detailing any assessment required by subsection (a)
15 that was carried out during the previous year.”.

Page 43, after line 17, insert the following new sec-
tions (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

16 **SEC. 315. WIDE-FIELD INFRARED SURVEY TELESCOPE.**

17 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
18 gress that the Administrator, to the extent practicable,
19 should make progress on the technologies and capabilities
20 needed to position the Administration to meet the objec-
21 tives of the Wide-Field Infrared Survey Telescope mission,
22 as outlined in the 2010 National Academies’ astronomy
23 and astrophysics decadal survey, in a way that maximizes

1 the scientific productivity of meeting those objectives for
2 the resources invested. It is further the sense of Congress
3 that the Wide-Field Infrared Survey Telescope mission
4 has the potential to enable scientific discoveries that will
5 transform our understanding of the universe.

6 (b) CONTINUITY OF DEVELOPMENT.—The Adminis-
7 trator shall ensure that the concept definition and pre-
8 formulation activities of a Wide-Field Infrared Survey Tel-
9 escope mission continue while the James Webb Space Tel-
10 escope is being completed.

11 **SEC. 316. STRATOSPHERIC OBSERVATORY FOR INFRARED**
12 **ASTRONOMY.**

13 The Administrator shall not use any funding appro-
14 priated to the Administration for fiscal year 2014 for the
15 shutdown of the Stratospheric Observatory for Infrared
16 Astronomy or for the preparation therefor.

Page 44, line 6, strike “starting with” and insert
“including”.

Page 48, after line 18, insert the following new sec-
tion (and redesignate succeeding sections and conform
the table of contents accordingly):

1 **SEC. 324. RESEARCH ON NEAR-EARTH OBJECT TSUNAMI**
2 **EFFECTS.**

3 (a) REPORT ON POTENTIAL TSUNAMI EFFECTS
4 FROM NEAR-EARTH OBJECT IMPACT.—The Adminis-
5 trator, in collaboration with the Administrator of the Na-
6 tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and other
7 relevant agencies, shall prepare a report identifying and
8 describing existing research activities and further research
9 objectives that would increase our understanding of the
10 nature of the effects of potential tsunamis that could occur
11 if a near-Earth object were to impact an ocean of Earth.

12 (b) TRANSMITTAL.—Not later than 180 days after
13 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
14 transmit the report required and prepared under sub-
15 section (a) to the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
16 nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
17 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

Page 51, after line 5, insert the following new sec-
tion (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

18 **SEC. 332. REVIEW OF SPACE WEATHER.**

19 (a) REVIEW.—The Director of the Office of Science
20 and Technology Policy, in consultation with the Adminis-
21 trator, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and At-
22 mospheric Administration, the Director of the National
23 Science Foundation, and heads of other relevant Federal

1 agencies, shall enter into an arrangement with the Na-
2 tional Academies to provide a comprehensive study that
3 reviews current and planned ground-based and space-
4 based space weather monitoring requirements and capa-
5 bilities, identifies gaps, and identifies options for a robust
6 and resilient capability. The study shall inform the process
7 of identifying national needs for future space weather
8 monitoring, forecasts, and mitigation. The National Acad-
9 emies shall give consideration to international and private
10 sector efforts and collaboration that could potentially con-
11 tribute to national space weather needs. The study shall
12 also review the current state of research capabilities in ob-
13 serving, modeling, and prediction and provide rec-
14 ommendations to ensure future advancement of predictive
15 capability.

16 (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 14
17 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Na-
18 tional Academies shall transmit a report containing the
19 results of the study provided under subsection (a) to the
20 Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy,
21 and to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology
22 of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
23 Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

Page 51, lines 6 through 20, amend subtitle E to
read as follows:

1 **Subtitle E—Earth Science**

2 **SEC. 341. GOAL.**

3 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
4 gress that the Administration is being asked to undertake
5 important Earth science activities in an environment of
6 increasingly constrained fiscal resources, and that any
7 transfer of additional responsibilities to the Administra-
8 tion, such as climate instrument development and meas-
9 urements that are currently part of the portfolio of the
10 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, should
11 be accompanied by the provision of additional resources
12 to allow the Administration to carry out the increased re-
13 sponsibilities without adversely impacting its implementa-
14 tion of its existing Earth science programs and priorities.

15 (b) GENERAL.—The Administrator shall continue to
16 carry out a balanced Earth science program that includes
17 Earth science research, Earth systematic missions, com-
18 petitive Venture class missions, other missions and data
19 analysis, mission operations, technology development, and
20 applied sciences, consistent with the recommendations and
21 priorities established in the National Academies' Earth
22 Science Decadal Survey.

23 (c) COLLABORATION.—The Administrator shall col-
24 laborate with other Federal agencies, including the Na-
25 tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, non-gov-

1 ernment entities, and international partners, as appro-
2 priate, in carrying out the Administration's Earth science
3 program. The Administration shall continue to develop
4 first-of-a-kind instruments that, once proved, can be
5 transitioned to other agencies for operations.

6 (d) REIMBURSEMENT.—Whenever responsibilities for
7 the development of sensors or for measurements are trans-
8 ferred to the Administration from another agency, the Ad-
9 ministration shall seek, to the extent possible, to be reim-
10 bursed for the assumption of such responsibilities.

11 **SEC. 342. DECADAL CADENCE.**

12 In carrying out section 341(b), the Administrator
13 shall seek to ensure to the extent practicable a steady ca-
14 dence of large, medium, and small Earth science missions.

15 **SEC. 343. VENTURE CLASS MISSIONS.**

16 It is the sense of Congress that the Administration's
17 Venture class missions provide opportunities for innova-
18 tion in the Earth science program, offer low-cost ap-
19 proaches for high-quality competitive science investiga-
20 tions, enable frequent flight opportunities to engage the
21 Earth science and applications community, and serve as
22 a training ground for students and young scientists. It is
23 further the sense of Congress that the Administration
24 should seek to increase the number of Venture class

1 projects to the extent practicable as part of a balanced
2 Earth science program.

3 **SEC. 344. ASSESSMENT.**

4 The Administrator shall carry out a scientific assess-
5 ment of the Administration's Earth science global datasets
6 for the purpose of identifying those datasets that are use-
7 ful for understanding regional changes and variability, and
8 for informing applied science research. The Administrator
9 shall complete and transmit the assessment to the Com-
10 mittee on Science, Space, and Technology in the House
11 of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
12 Science, and Transportation of the Senate not later than
13 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Page 66, line 1, through page 92, line 22, redesignate title VI as title VII, redesignate the sections therein accordingly (and conform the table of contents accordingly).

Page 65, after line 25, insert the following new title:

14 **TITLE VI—EDUCATION**

15 **SEC. 601. EDUCATION.**

16 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
17 gress that—

18 (1) the Administration's missions are an inspi-
19 ration for Americans and in particular for the next

1 generation, and that this inspiration has a powerful
2 effect in stimulating interest in science, technology,
3 engineering, and mathematics (in this section re-
4 ferred to as “STEM”) education and careers;

5 (2) the Administration’s Office of Education
6 and mission directorates have been effective in deliv-
7 ering Administration educational content because of
8 the strong engagement of Administration scientists
9 and engineers in the Administration’s education and
10 outreach activities; and

11 (3) the Administration should be a central part-
12 ner in contributing to the goals of the National
13 Science and Technology Council’s Federal Science,
14 Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM)
15 Education 5-Year Strategic Plan.

16 (b) IN GENERAL.—The Administration shall continue
17 its education and outreach efforts to—

18 (1) increase student interest and participation
19 in STEM education;

20 (2) improve public literacy in STEM;

21 (3) employ proven strategies for improving stu-
22 dent learning and teaching;

23 (4) provide curriculum support materials; and

24 (5) create and support opportunities for profes-
25 sional development for STEM teachers.

1 (c) ORGANIZATION.—In order to ensure the inspira-
2 tion and engagement of children and the general public,
3 the Administration shall continue its STEM education and
4 outreach activities within the Science, Aeronautics Re-
5 search, Space Operations, and Exploration Mission Direc-
6 torates.

7 (d) CONTINUATION OF EDUCATION AND OUTREACH
8 ACTIVITIES AND PROGRAMS.—The Administrator shall
9 continue to carry out education and outreach programs
10 and activities through the Office of Education and the Ad-
11 ministration mission directorates and shall continue to en-
12 gage, to the maximum extent practicable, Administration
13 and Administration-supported researchers and engineers
14 in carrying out those programs and activities.

15 (e) CONTINUATION OF SPACE GRANT PROGRAM.—
16 The Administrator shall continue to operate the National
17 Space Grant College and Fellowship program through a
18 national network consisting of a State-based consortium
19 in each State that provides flexibility to the States, with
20 the objective of providing hands-on research, training, and
21 education programs, with measurable outcomes, to en-
22 hance America's STEM education and workforce.

23 (f) REAFFIRMATION OF POLICY.—Congress reaffirms
24 its commitment to informal science education at science
25 centers and planetariums as set forth in section 616 of

1 the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Au-
2 thorization Act of 2005 (51 U.S.C. 40907).

3 **SEC. 602. INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF THE NATIONAL SPACE**
4 **GRANT COLLEGE AND FELLOWSHIP PRO-**
5 **GRAM.**

6 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
7 gress that the National Space Grant College and Fellow-
8 ship Program, which was established in the National Aero-
9 nautics and Space Administration Authorization Act of
10 1988 (42 U.S.C. 2486 et seq.), has been an important
11 program by which the Federal Government has partnered
12 with State and local governments, universities, private in-
13 dustry, and other organizations to enhance the under-
14 standing and use of space and aeronautics activities and
15 their benefits through education, fostering of interdiscipli-
16 nary and multidisciplinary space research and training,
17 and supporting Federal funding for graduate fellowships
18 in space-related fields, among other purposes.

19 (b) REVIEW.—The Administrator shall enter into an
20 arrangement with the National Academies for—

21 (1) a review of the National Space Grant Col-
22 lege and Fellowship Program, including its structure
23 and capabilities for supporting science, technology,
24 engineering, and mathematics education and train-
25 ing consistent with the National Science and Tech-

1 nology Council’s Federal Science, Technology, Engi-
2 neering, and Mathematics (STEM) Education 5-
3 Year Strategic Plan; and

4 (2) recommendations on measures, if needed, to
5 enhance the Program’s effectiveness and mecha-
6 nisms by which any increases in funding appro-
7 priated by Congress can be applied.

8 (c) NATIONAL SPACE GRANT COLLEGE AND FEL-
9 LOWSHIP PROGRAM AMENDMENTS.—

10 (1) PURPOSES.—Section 40301 of title 51,
11 United States Code, is amended—

12 (A) by striking “and” at the end of para-
13 graph (5);

14 (B) by striking the period at the end of
15 paragraph (6) and inserting “; and”; and

16 (C) by adding at the end the following new
17 paragraph:

18 “(7) support outreach to primary and sec-
19 ondary schools to help support STEM engagement
20 and learning at the K-12 level and to encourage K-
21 12 students to pursue postsecondary degrees in
22 fields related to space.”.

23 (2) REGIONAL CONSORTIUM.—Section 40306 of
24 title 51, United States Code, is amended—

25 (A) in subsection (a)—

1 (i) by redesignating paragraphs (2)
2 and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respec-
3 tively; and

4 (ii) by inserting after paragraph (1)
5 the following new paragraph:

6 “(2) INCLUSION OF 2-YEAR INSTITUTIONS.—A
7 space grant regional consortium designated in para-
8 graph (1)(B) may include one or more 2-year insti-
9 tutions of higher education.”; and

10 (B) in subsection (b)(1), by striking “para-
11 graphs (2)(C) and (3)(D)” and inserting “para-
12 graphs (3)(C) and (4)(D)”.

Page 71, line 7, strike “12 months” and insert “120 days”.

Page 76, strike lines 14 through 20, and insert the following:

13 (a) STUDY.—The Administrator shall enter into an
14 arrangement with the National Academy of Public Admin-
15 istration to assess the effectiveness of the NASA Advisory
16 Council and to make recommendations to Congress for
17 any change to—

- 18 (1) the functions of the Council;
19 (2) the appointment of members to the Council;
20 (3) qualifications for members of the Council;

1 (4) duration of terms of office for members of
2 the Council;

3 (5) frequency of meetings of the Council;

4 (6) the structure of leadership and Committees
5 of the Council; and

6 (7) levels of professional staffing for the Coun-
7 cil.

8 In carrying out the assessment, the Academy shall also
9 assess the impacts of broadening the Council's role to ad-
10 vising Congress, and any other issues that the Academy
11 determines could potentially impact the effectiveness of
12 the Council. The Academy shall consider the past activities
13 of the NASA Advisory Council, as well as the activities
14 of other analogous federal advisory bodies in conducting
15 its assessment. The results of the assessment, including
16 any recommendations, shall be transmitted to the Com-
17 mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House
18 of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
19 Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

Page 85, line 10, through page 89, line 20, amend
section 711 (as so redesignated) to read as follows:

20 **SEC. 711. DETECTION AND AVOIDANCE OF COUNTERFEIT**

21 **ELECTRONIC PARTS.**

22 (a) REGULATIONS.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days
2 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
3 trator shall revise the National Aeronautics and
4 Space Administration Supplement to the Federal
5 Acquisition Regulation to address the detection and
6 avoidance of counterfeit electronic parts.

7 (2) CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES.—The re-
8 vised regulations issued pursuant to paragraph (1)
9 shall provide that—

10 (A) Administration contractors who supply
11 electronic parts or products that include elec-
12 tronic parts are responsible for detecting and
13 avoiding the use or inclusion of counterfeit elec-
14 tronic parts or suspect counterfeit electronic
15 parts in such products and for any rework or
16 corrective action that may be required to rem-
17 edy the use or inclusion of such parts; and

18 (B) the cost of counterfeit electronic parts
19 and suspect counterfeit electronic parts and the
20 cost of rework or corrective action that may be
21 required to remedy the use or inclusion of such
22 parts are not allowable costs under Administra-
23 tion contracts, unless—

24 (i) the covered contractor has an oper-
25 ational system to detect and avoid counter-

1 feit parts and suspect counterfeit electronic
2 parts that has been reviewed and approved
3 by the Administration or the Department
4 of Defense;

5 (ii) the covered contractor provides
6 timely notice to the Administration pursu-
7 ant to paragraph (4); or

8 (iii) the counterfeit electronic parts or
9 suspect counterfeit electronic parts were
10 provided to the contractor as Government
11 property in accordance with part 45 of the
12 Federal Acquisition Regulation.

13 (3) SUPPLIERS OF ELECTRONIC PARTS.—The
14 revised regulations issued pursuant to paragraph (1)
15 shall—

16 (A) require that the Administration and
17 Administration contractors and subcontractors
18 at all tiers—

19 (i) obtain electronic parts that are in
20 production or currently available in stock
21 from the original manufacturers of the
22 parts or their authorized dealers, or from
23 suppliers who obtain such parts exclusively
24 from the original manufacturers of the
25 parts or their authorized dealers; and

1 (ii) obtain electronic parts that are
2 not in production or currently available in
3 stock from suppliers that meet qualifica-
4 tion requirements established pursuant to
5 subparagraph (C);

6 (B) establish documented requirements
7 consistent with published industry standards or
8 Government contract requirements for—

9 (i) notification of the Administration;
10 and

11 (ii) inspection, testing, and authen-
12 tication of electronic parts that the Admin-
13 istration or an Administration contractor
14 or subcontractor obtains from any source
15 other than a source described in subpara-
16 graph (A);

17 (C) establish qualification requirements,
18 consistent with the requirements of section
19 2319 of title 10, United States Code, pursuant
20 to which the Administration may identify sup-
21 pliers that have appropriate policies and proce-
22 dures in place to detect and avoid counterfeit
23 electronic parts and suspect counterfeit elec-
24 tronic parts; and

1 (D) authorize Administration contractors
2 and subcontractors to identify and use addi-
3 tional suppliers beyond those identified pursu-
4 ant to subparagraph (C) provided that—

5 (i) the standards and processes for
6 identifying such suppliers comply with es-
7 tablished industry standards;

8 (ii) the contractor or subcontractor
9 assumes responsibility for the authenticity
10 of parts provided by such suppliers as pro-
11 vided in paragraph (2); and

12 (iii) the selection of such suppliers is
13 subject to review and audit by appropriate
14 Administration officials.

15 (4) **TIMELY NOTIFICATION.**—The revised regu-
16 lations issued pursuant to paragraph (1) shall re-
17 quire that any Administration contractor or subcon-
18 tractor who becomes aware, or has reason to sus-
19 spect, that any end item, component, part, or mate-
20 rial contained in supplies purchased by the Adminis-
21 tration, or purchased by a contractor or subcon-
22 tractor for delivery to, or on behalf of, the Adminis-
23 tration, contains counterfeit electronic parts or sus-
24 spect counterfeit electronic parts, shall provide notifi-

1 cation to the applicable Administration contracting
2 officer within 30 calendar days.

3 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the re-
4 vised regulations specified in subsection (a) have been im-
5 plemented, the Administrator shall submit to the Com-
6 mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House
7 of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
8 Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report updat-
9 ing the Administration’s actions to prevent counterfeit
10 electronic parts from entering the supply chain as de-
11 scribed in its October 2011 report pursuant to section
12 1206(d) of the National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
13 tration Authorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18444(d)).

14 (c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “elec-
15 tronic part” means a discrete electronic component, in-
16 cluding a microcircuit, transistor, capacitor, resistor, or
17 diode that is intended for use in a safety or mission critical
18 application.

Page 92, after line 22, add the following new sec-
tions (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

19 **SEC. 713. HUMAN SPACEFLIGHT ACCIDENT INVESTIGA-**
20 **TIONS.**

21 Section 70702(a) of title 51, United States Code, is
22 amended by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the fol-
23 lowing:

1 “(3) any other orbital or suborbital space vehi-
2 cle carrying humans—

3 “(A) that is owned by the Federal Govern-
4 ment; or

5 “(B) that is being used pursuant to a con-
6 tract or Space Act Agreement, as defined in
7 section 2 of the National Aeronautics and
8 Space Administration Authorization Act of
9 2014, with the Federal Government for car-
10 rying a researcher or payload funded by the
11 Federal Government; or”.

12 **SEC. 714. FULLEST COMMERCIAL USE OF SPACE.**

13 (a) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
14 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit
15 to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of
16 the House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
17 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report
18 on current and continuing efforts by the Administration
19 to “seek and encourage, to the maximum extent possible,
20 the fullest commercial use of space,” as described in sec-
21 tion 20102(c) of title 51, United States Code.

22 (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under sub-
23 section (a) shall include—

24 (1) an assessment of the Administration’s ef-
25 forts to comply with the policy;

1 (2) an explanation of criteria used to define
2 compliance;

3 (3) a description of programs, policies, and ac-
4 tivities the Administration is using, and will continue
5 to use, to ensure compliance;

6 (4) an explanation of how the Administration
7 could expand on the efforts to comply; and

8 (5) a summary of all current and planned ac-
9 tivities pursuant to this policy.

10 (c) BARRIERS TO FULLEST COMMERCIAL USE OF
11 SPACE.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enact-
12 ment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit to the
13 Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
14 House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
15 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report
16 on current and continuing efforts by the Administration
17 to reduce impediments, bureaucracy, redundancy, and
18 burdens to ensure the fullest commercial use of space as
19 required by section 20102(c) of title 51, United States
20 Code.

21 **SEC. 715. ORBITAL DEBRIS.**

22 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that orbital debris
23 poses serious risks to the operational space capabilities of
24 the United States and that an international commitment
25 and integrated strategic plan are needed to mitigate the

1 growth of orbital debris wherever possible. Congress finds
2 the delay in the Office of Science and Technology Policy's
3 submission of a report on the status of international co-
4 ordination and development of mitigation strategies to be
5 inconsistent with such risks.

6 (b) REPORTS.—

7 (1) COORDINATION.—Not later than 90 days
8 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
9 trator shall provide the Committee on Science,
10 Space, and Technology of the House of Representa-
11 tives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
12 Transportation of the Senate with a report on the
13 status of efforts to coordinate with countries within
14 the Inter-Agency Space Debris Coordination Com-
15 mittee to mitigate the effects and growth of orbital
16 debris as required by section 1202(b)(1) of the Na-
17 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Au-
18 thorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18441(b)(1)).

19 (2) MITIGATION STRATEGY.—Not later than 90
20 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Di-
21 rector of the Office of Science and Technology Policy
22 shall provide the Committee on Science, Space, and
23 Technology of the House of Representatives and the
24 Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
25 tation of the Senate with a report on the status of

1 the orbital debris mitigation strategy required under
2 section 1202(b)(2) of the National Aeronautics and
3 Space Administration Authorization Act of 2010 (42
4 U.S.C. 18441(b)(2)).

5 **SEC. 716. REVIEW OF ORBITAL DEBRIS REMOVAL CON-**
6 **CEPTS.**

7 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
8 gress that the amount of orbital debris in low-Earth orbit
9 poses risks for human activities and robotic spacecraft and
10 that this debris may increase due to collisions between ex-
11 isting debris objects. Understanding options to address
12 and remove orbital debris is important for ensuring safe
13 and effective spacecraft operations in low-Earth orbit.

14 (b) REVIEW.—The Administrator, in collaboration
15 with other relevant Federal agencies, shall solicit and re-
16 view concepts and technological options for removing or-
17 bital debris from low-Earth orbit. The solicitation and re-
18 view shall also address the requirements for and feasibility
19 of developing and implementing each of the options.

20 (c) TRANSMITTAL.—Not later than 270 days after
21 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
22 provide a report to the Committee on Science, Space, and
23 Technology of the House of Representatives and the Com-
24 mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the

1 Senate on the solicitation and review required under sub-
2 section (b).

3 **SEC. 717. USE OF OPERATIONAL COMMERCIAL SUB-**
4 **ORBITAL VEHICLES FOR RESEARCH, DEVEL-**
5 **OPMENT, AND EDUCATION.**

6 (a) POLICY.—The Administrator shall develop a pol-
7 icy on the use of operational commercial reusable sub-
8 orbital flight vehicles for carrying out scientific and engi-
9 neering investigations and educational activities.

10 (b) PLAN.—The Administrator shall prepare a plan
11 on the Administration's use of operational commercial re-
12 usable suborbital flight vehicles for carrying out scientific
13 and engineering investigations and educational activities.
14 The plan shall—

15 (1) describe the purposes for which the Admin-
16 istration intends to use such vehicles;

17 (2) describe the processes required to support
18 such use, including the criteria used to determine
19 which scientific and engineering investigations and
20 educational activities are selected for a suborbital
21 flight;

22 (3) describe Administration, space flight oper-
23 ator, and supporting contractor responsibilities for
24 developing standard payload interfaces and con-
25 ducting payload safety analyses, payload integration

1 and processing, payload operations, and safety as-
2 surance for Administration-sponsored space flight
3 participants, among other functions required to fly
4 Administration-sponsored payloads and space flight
5 participants on operational commercial suborbital ve-
6 hicles;

7 (4) identify Administration-provided hardware,
8 software, or services that may be provided to com-
9 mercial reusable suborbital space flight operators on
10 a cost-reimbursable basis, through agreements or
11 contracts entered into under section 20113(e) of
12 title 51, United States Code; and

13 (5) describe the United States Government and
14 space flight operator responsibilities for liability and
15 indemnification with respect to commercial sub-
16 orbital vehicle flights that involve Administration-
17 sponsored payloads or activities, Administration-sup-
18 ported space flight participants, or other Adminis-
19 tration-related contributions.

20 (c) ASSESSMENT OF CAPABILITIES AND RISKS.—The
21 Administrator shall assess and characterize the potential
22 capabilities and performance of commercial reusable sub-
23 orbital vehicles for addressing scientific research, includ-
24 ing research requiring access to low-gravity and micro-
25 gravity environments, for carrying out technology dem-

1 onstrations related to science, exploration, or space oper-
2 ations requirements, and for providing opportunities for
3 educating and training space scientists and engineers,
4 once those vehicles become operational. The assessment
5 shall also characterize the risks of using potential commer-
6 cial reusable suborbital flights to Administration-spon-
7 sored researchers and scientific investigations and flight
8 hardware.

9 (d) TRANSMITTAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
10 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
11 transmit the plan and assessment described in subsections
12 (b) and (c) to the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
13 nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
14 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

15 (e) ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORTS.—In conjunction
16 with the Administration’s annual budget request justifica-
17 tion for each fiscal year, the Administrator shall transmit
18 a report to the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
19 nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
20 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate
21 describing progress in carrying out the Commercial Reus-
22 able Suborbital Research Program, including the number
23 and type of suborbital missions planned in each fiscal
24 year.

1 (f) INDEMNIFICATION AND LIABILITY.—The Admin-
2 istrator shall not proceed with a request for proposals,
3 award any contract, commit any United States Govern-
4 ment funds, or enter into any other agreement for the pro-
5 vision of a commercial reusable suborbital vehicle launch
6 service for an Administration-sponsored spaceflight partic-
7 ipant until transmittal of the plan and assessment speci-
8 fied in subsections (b) and (c), the liability issues associ-
9 ated with the use of such systems by the United States
10 Government have been addressed, and the liability and in-
11 demnification provisions that are planned to be included
12 in such contracts or agreements have been provided to the
13 Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
14 House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
15 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

16 **SEC. 718. FUNDAMENTAL SPACE LIFE AND PHYSICAL**
17 **SCIENCES RESEARCH.**

18 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It the sense of Congress
19 that fundamental, discovery-based space life and physical
20 sciences research is critical for enabling space exploration,
21 protecting humans in space, and providing societal bene-
22 fits, and that the space environment facilitates the ad-
23 vancement of understanding of the life sciences and phys-
24 ical sciences. Space life and physical science research con-
25 tributes to advancing science, technology, engineering, and

1 mathematics research, and provides careers and training
2 opportunities in academia, Federal laboratories, and com-
3 mercial industry. Congress encourages the Administrator
4 to augment discovery-based fundamental research and to
5 establish requirements reflecting the importance of such
6 research in keeping with the priorities established in the
7 National Academies' decadal survey entitled "Recapturing
8 a Future for Space Exploration: Life and Physical
9 Sciences Research for a New Era".

10 (b) BUDGET REQUEST.—The Administrator shall in-
11 clude as part of the Administration's annual budget re-
12 quest for each fiscal year a budget line for fundamental
13 space life and physical sciences research, devoted to com-
14 petitive, peer-reviewed grants, that is separate from the
15 International Space Station Operations account.

16 (c) STRATEGIC PLAN.—

17 (1) DEVELOPMENT.—The Administrator, in
18 consultation with academia, other Federal agencies,
19 and other potential stakeholders, shall develop a
20 strategic plan for carrying out competitive, peer-re-
21 viewed fundamental space life science and physical
22 sciences and related technology research, among
23 other activities, consistent with the priorities in the
24 National Academies' decadal survey described in
25 subsection (a).

1 (2) TRANSMITTAL.—Not later than 270 days
2 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
3 trator shall transmit the strategic plan developed
4 under paragraph (1) to the Committee on Science,
5 Space, and Technology of the House of Representa-
6 tives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
7 Transportation of the Senate.

8 **SEC. 719. RESTORING COMMITMENT TO ENGINEERING RE-**
9 **SEARCH.**

10 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
11 gress that engineering excellence has long been a hallmark
12 of the Administration’s ability to make significant ad-
13 vances in aeronautics and space exploration. However, as
14 has been noted in recent National Academies reports, in-
15 creasingly constrained funding and competing priorities
16 have led to an erosion of the Administration’s commitment
17 to basic engineering research. This research provides the
18 basis for the technology development that enables the Ad-
19 ministration’s many challenging missions to succeed. If
20 current trends continue, the Administration’s ability to at-
21 tract and maintain the best and brightest engineering
22 workforce at its Centers as well as its ability to remain
23 on the cutting edge of aeronautical and space technology
24 will continue to erode and will threaten the Administra-

1 tion's ability to be a world leader in aeronautics research
2 and development and space exploration.

3 (b) PLAN.—The Administrator shall develop a plan
4 for restoring a meaningful basic engineering research pro-
5 gram at the Administration's Centers, including, as appro-
6 priate, collaborations with industry, universities, and other
7 relevant organizations. The plan shall identify the organi-
8 zational approach to be followed, an initial set of basic
9 research priorities, and a proposed budget.

10 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
11 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit
12 the plan specified in subsection (b) to the Committee on
13 Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Rep-
14 resentatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science,
15 and Transportation of the Senate.

16 **SEC. 720. LIQUID ROCKET ENGINE DEVELOPMENT PRO-**
17 **GRAM.**

18 The Administrator shall consult with the Secretary
19 of Defense to ensure that any next generation liquid rock-
20 et engine made in the United States for national security
21 space launch objectives can contribute, to the extent prac-
22 ticable, to the space programs and missions carried out
23 by the Administration.

1 **SEC. 721 REMOTE SATELLITE SERVICING DEMONSTRATIONS.**
2

3 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
4 gress that—

5 (1) the Administration plays a key role in dem-
6 onstrating the feasibility of using robotic tech-
7 nologies for a spacecraft that could autonomously
8 access, inspect, repair, and refuel satellites;

9 (2) demonstrating this feasibility would both as-
10 sist the Administration in its future missions and
11 provide other Federal agencies and private sector en-
12 tities with enhanced confidence in the feasibility to
13 robotically refuel, inspect, repair, and maintain their
14 satellites in both near and distant orbits; and

15 (3) the capability to refuel, inspect, repair, and
16 maintain satellites robotically could add years of
17 functional life to satellites.

18 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date
19 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit
20 a report to the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
21 nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
22 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate
23 describing the Administration's—

24 (1) activities, tools, and techniques associated
25 with the ultimate goal of autonomously servicing sat-
26 ellites using robotic spacecraft;

1 (2) efforts to coordinate its technology develop-
2 ment and demonstrations with other Federal agen-
3 cies and private sector entities that conduct pro-
4 grams, projects, or activities on on-orbit satellite in-
5 spection and servicing capabilities;

6 (3) efforts to leverage the work of these Federal
7 agencies and private sector entities into the Admin-
8 istration's plans;

9 (4) accomplishments to date in demonstrating
10 various servicing technologies;

11 (5) major technical and operational challenges
12 encountered and mitigation measures taken; and

13 (6) demonstrations needed to increase con-
14 fidence in the use of the technologies for operational
15 missions, and the timeframe for these demonstra-
16 tions.

17 **SEC. 722. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY GOVERNANCE.**

18 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
19 gress that information security is central to the Adminis-
20 tration's ability to protect information and information
21 systems vital to its mission.

22 (b) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United
23 States shall conduct a study to assess the effectiveness of
24 the Administration's Information Technology Governance.
25 The study shall include an assessment of—

1 (1) the resources available for overseeing Ad-
2 ministration-wide information technology operations,
3 investments, and security measures and the Chief
4 Information Officer's visibility into and access to
5 those resources;

6 (2) the effectiveness of the Administration's de-
7 centralized information technology structure, deci-
8 sionmaking processes and authorities and its ability
9 to enforce information security; and

10 (3) the impact of providing the Chief Informa-
11 tion Officer approval authority over information
12 technology investments that exceed a defined mone-
13 tary threshold and any potential impacts of the
14 Chief Information Officer having such authority on
15 the Administration's missions, flights programs and
16 projects, research activities, and Center operations.

17 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
18 of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall
19 transmit a report detailing the results of the study con-
20 ducted under subsection (b) to the Committee on Science,
21 Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives
22 and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
23 tation of the Senate.

1 **SEC. 723. STRENGTHENING ADMINISTRATION SECURITY.**

2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
3 ings:

4 (1) Following the public disclosure of security
5 and export control violations at its research centers,
6 the Administration contracted with the National
7 Academy of Public Administration to conduct an
8 independent assessment of how the Administration
9 carried out Foreign National Access Management
10 practices and other security matters.

11 (2) The assessment by the National Academy of
12 Public Administration concluded that “NASA net-
13 works are compromised”, that the Administration
14 lacked a standardized and systematic approach to
15 export compliance, and that individuals within the
16 Administration were not held accountable when
17 making serious, preventable errors in carrying out
18 Foreign National Access Management practices and
19 other security matters.

20 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
21 of enactment of this Act, the Administration shall report
22 to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of
23 the House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
24 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on how
25 it plans to address each of the recommendations made in

1 the security assessment by the National Academy of Pub-
2 lic Administration.

3 (c) REVIEW.—Within one year of enactment of this
4 Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall
5 report to the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
6 nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
7 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate
8 its assessment of how the Administration has complied
9 with the recommendations of the National Academy of
10 Public Administration.

11 **SEC. 724. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR CONTRAC-**
12 **TORS THAT HAVE COMMITTED FRAUD OR**
13 **OTHER CRIMES.**

14 None of the funds authorized to be appropriated or
15 otherwise made available for fiscal year 2014 or any fiscal
16 year thereafter for the Administration may be used to
17 enter into a contract with any offeror or any of its prin-
18 cipals if the offeror certifies, pursuant to the Federal Ac-
19 quisition Regulation, that the offeror or any of its prin-
20 cipals—

21 (1) within a three-year period preceding this
22 offer has been convicted of or had a civil judgment
23 rendered against it for—

24 (A) commission of fraud or a criminal of-
25 fense in connection with obtaining, attempting

1 to obtain, or performing a public (Federal,
2 State, or local) contract or subcontract;

3 (B) violation of Federal or State antitrust
4 statutes relating to the submission of offers; or

5 (C) commission of embezzlement, theft,
6 forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of
7 records, making false statements, tax evasion,
8 violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving
9 stolen property;

10 (2) are presently indicted for, or otherwise
11 criminally or civilly charged by a governmental enti-
12 ty with, commission of any of the offenses enumer-
13 ated in paragraph (1); or

14 (3) within a three-year period preceding this
15 offer, has been notified of any delinquent Federal
16 taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,000 for which
17 the liability remains unsatisfied.

18 **SEC. 725. PROTECTION OF APOLLO LANDING SITES.**

19 (a) ASSESSMENT.—The Director of the Office of
20 Science and Technology Policy, in consultation with all rel-
21 evant agencies of the Federal Government and other ap-
22 propriate entities and individuals, shall carry out a review
23 and assessment of the issues involved in protecting and
24 preserving historically important Apollo Program lunar
25 landing sites and Apollo program artifacts residing on the

1 lunar surface, including those pertaining to Apollo 11 and
2 Apollo 17. The review and assessment shall, at a min-
3 imum, include determination of what risks to the protec-
4 tion and preservation of those sites and artifacts exist or
5 may exist in the future, what measures are required to
6 ensure such protection and preservation, the extent to
7 which additional domestic legislation or international trea-
8 ties or agreements will be required, and specific rec-
9 ommendations for protecting and preserving those lunar
10 landing sites and artifacts.

11 (b) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date
12 of enactment of this Act, the Director shall transmit to
13 the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
14 House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
15 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate the re-
16 sults of the assessment required under subsection (a).

17 **SEC. 726. ASTRONAUT OCCUPATIONAL HEALTHCARE.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—The National Academies’ Insti-
19 tute of Medicine report “Health Standards for Long Du-
20 ration and Exploration Spaceflight: Ethics Principles, Re-
21 sponsibilities, and Decision Framework” found that the
22 Administration has ethical responsibilities for and should
23 adopt policies and processes related to health standards
24 for long duration and exploration spaceflights that recog-
25 nize those ethical responsibilities. In particular, the report

1 recommended that the Administration “provide preventa-
2 tive long-term health screening and surveillance of astro-
3 nauts and lifetime health care to protect their health, sup-
4 port ongoing evaluation of health standards, improve mis-
5 sion safety, and reduce risks for current and future astro-
6 nauts”.

7 (b) RESPONSE.—The Administration shall prepare a
8 response to the National Academies report recommenda-
9 tion described in subsection (a). The response shall include
10 the estimated budgetary resources required for the imple-
11 mentation of those recommendations, and any options that
12 might be considered as part of the response.

13 (c) TRANSMITTAL.—The response required under
14 subsection (b) shall be transmitted to the Committee on
15 Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Rep-
16 resentatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science,
17 and Transportation of the Senate not later than 6 months
18 after the date of enactment of this Act.

