## Amendment to H.R. 4489 Offered by Mr. Perlmutter of Colorado

At the end of the bill, add the following new section:

## 1 SEC. 45. LAP CHILDREN SAFETY RESEARCH.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Due to the fact that few child restraint devices are currently approved for use during critical phases of flight on commercial passenger aircraft, the
Administrator shall ensure that research in this area encourages the assessment and development of new and innovative technologies and devices which improve the safety
for children, parents, and other passengers.

9 (b) RESEARCH.—The Administrator shall require the Civil Aeromedical Institute to initiate a research program 10 focused on improving the safety of child restraint devices 11 used during operations of a commercial passenger aircraft. 12 13 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit 14 a report on the results of the research conducted under 15 this section to the Committee on Science, Space, and 16 17 Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the 18

19 Senate. This report shall include—

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1 (1) an identification of the number of children 2 under age 2 traveling each year for the past 5 years 3 on commercial aircraft, and a description of the 4 types or methods of child restraint utilized, if any; (2) an assessment of the safety of unrestrained 5 6 lap children under age 2 (being unrestrained or re-7 strained only by the arms of the child's parent), and 8 whether this situation is the proper comparison for 9 child restraint devices to determine child safety; 10 (3) an evaluation of the requirements to dem-11 onstrate an equivalent level of safety to TSO-C100c 12 for a child restraint device attached to a parent's 13 seatbelt, or other known child restraint devices; 14 (4) an assessment of whether the standards in 15 section 571.213 of title 49, Code of Federal Regula-16 tions, can be met by a child restraint device attached 17 to a parent's seatbelt, or other known child restraint 18 devices, and whether certain child restraint devices 19 could offer additional protection compared to an un-20 restrained lap child; 21 (5) the results of any testing performed by or 22 for the Civil Aeromedical Institute, in the last 5 23 years, in support of any evaluations described in this

24 section;

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(6) a determination of whether the conclusions 1 2 in the Civil Aeromedical Institute's 1994 report ti-3 tled "The Performance of Child Restraint Devices in Transport Airplane Passenger Seats" need to be up-4 dated and the basis for such determination; and 5 (7) recommendations to the Administrator and 6 7 to the Congress on potential changes to the Code of Federal Regulations or relevant laws to allow addi-8

9 tional child restraint devices to be used during all
10 phases of flight to keep children, their parents, and
11 other passengers safe.

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